CITY OF AMES, IOWA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2008





EcoSmart is the City of Ames' comprehensive strategy to reduce energy consumption and conserve natural resources. While many of these efforts are new, others have been around for decades. Under the EcoSmart umbrella are Smart City, Smart Water, Smart Trash, Smart Energy, Smart Watersheds, and Smart Ride programs.

For decades, the City of Ames has actively engaged in saving resources, reducing energy demand, and promoting recycling. From a financial perspective, conservation of resources is good fiscal policy. In recent years, the push to reduce, reuse, and recycle has reached beyond its budget impact. There is a growing movement in the Ames community to promote conservation of limited resources as a means to achieving a greater global good — a more sustainable future.



Mission Statement

We are caring people, providing quality programs with exceptional service to a community of progress.

We Value...

Continuous improvement in our organization and our services.

Innovation in problem solving.

Employee participation in decision making.

Personal and professional development.

Each other as we work together to serve the community.

We Are...

Proud to provide superior services to our community.

Professional and objective as we address public concerns and needs.

Fair, flexible, and helpful in our actions.

Efficient and fiscally responsible.

Proactive in reviewing and evaluating the type and focus of our services.

Caring People, Quality Programs, Exceptional Service

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

Year Ended June 30, 2008

Prepared by the Accounting and Auditing Division of the Department of Finance

CITY OF AMES, IOWA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



515 Clark Avenue Ames, Iowa 50010 515-239-5116 Fax 515-239-5320

December 16, 2008

The Honorable Mayor, City Council Members, And Citizens of the City of Ames, Iowa

The City of Ames is required by various state and federal regulations to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles or GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to these requirements, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Ames, Iowa for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 is hereby submitted.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

The City's financial statements have been audited by EideBailly LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditor has issued an unqualified (clean) opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A should be read in conjunction with this letter of transmittal.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF AMES

The City was incorporated in 1869 under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in July 1975 under the Home Rule City Act. The City is located in central Iowa, 30 miles north of Des Moines. Ames is the 9th largest city in Iowa with a population of 50,731 per the 2000 census. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City operates under a council-manager form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council consisting of the mayor and six other council members. The council members serve four-year staggered terms with three council members elected every two years. The mayor serves a four-year term and is elected with one of the groups of three council members. Four of the council members are elected by district. The mayor and the two remaining council members are elected at large.

The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public works, culture, recreation, and community development. The City also provides additional services including municipal electric, water, and sewer utility systems; parking lot facilities; a municipal resource recovery facility; a municipal airport; a recreational ice facility; a municipal golf course; a community center; a transit system; and a municipal hospital. The City of Ames is also financially accountable for a legally separate hospital foundation reported separately within the City of Ames financial statements. Additional information on the hospital foundation can be found in the notes to the financial statements (See Note 1.A).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City Manager is responsible for developing a budget proposal to the City Council. The proposed budget is presented to the Council in January and February of each year. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt the final budget by no later than March 15 for the fiscal year beginning the following July first. The appropriated budget is prepared by function.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City is supported by a diverse economy, which relies on both the private and public sectors. The City is home to several large governmental agencies including Iowa State University, the Iowa Department of Transportation, the USDA National Animal Disease Center and National Veterinary Services Laboratories, and a U.S. Department of Energy research lab. The University and other government employers add significant local economic stability that has resulted in an unemployment rate that has been below the national and state averages for the past thirty years. Ames was recently ranked fifth on the Careerbuilder.com listing of "Great Cities for Job Seekers."

Though the pace of new construction of residential property has slowed, a report from the City Assessor in April 2008 indicated that the Ames housing market remains strong. The single family home market showed slight increases in average sale price per square foot, total average sale price, median sale price, and total number of sales. The strength in the housing market is counter to broad national trends and was likely due to a combination of avoiding large price increases in previous years, sound local lending practices, and a stable employment base.

The City's economic development efforts have been targeted towards companies that blend with community resources and take advantage of a highly educated workforce in areas such as veterinary medicine, technology, and agricultural research. *Forbes Magazine*, recently ranked Ames as the 30th "Best Small Place for Business and Careers."

Ames continues to see expansion of animal science and bio-energy in the local economy. The Renewable Energy Group, Inc., a national leader in the bio-diesel industry, named one of *Inc Magazine's* fastest growing companies, moved their headquarters to Ames. Iowa State University opened an addition to the Seed Science Center and will house the Biosafety Institute for Genetically Modified Agricultural Products. Iowa State also broke ground on the Biorenewables Research Laboratory, the first phase of a \$99 million, 166,000 square-foot Biorenewables complex. The Iowa State University Research Park began construction of a planned 52,000 square foot expansion. The Research Park is currently at 95% capacity with a waiting list for research lab space.

Several companies have chosen Ames as a location to expand existing operations. Colorbiotics, a division of Ames based Becker-Underwood Company and leader in the development and manufacture of environmentally safe landscape colorants, completed a new 140,000 square-foot facility. Ag Leader Technology, Inc., an Ames based company that develops and markets precision farming hardware and software, nearly doubled the size of the Ames facility with a 98,000 square foot addition.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City Council has adopted a comprehensive set of budget and fiscal policies including general revenue management, user fee cost recovery goals, enterprise fund fees and rates, grant funding, investments, capital improvement management, and fund balance designations and reserves. The ending fund balance level established for the general fund is 20% of operating expenditures. The City of Ames met the minimum fund balance requirement for the general fund and all other financial policies established by the City Council.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Construction began on the Donald and Ruth Furman Outdoor Aquatic Center. The 10.5 million dollar, 25,000 square foot facility will be the top aquatic center in Central Iowa. Recreational amenities will include zero-depth entry, water slides, diving boards, a water play structure, and a lazy river. The facility will also include an eight-lane 50-meter competitive pool. Construction is expected to be completed in summer 2009.

The first phase of the Grand Avenue extension was completed in summer 2008. This project was the first step in a project to provide expansion of arterial traffic capacity within the City.

The Water and Electric utilities both began projects to review replacement and future expansion of production facilities. Both utilities have initiated programs and rate structures intended to reduce peak demand and the associated capital costs as an integral part of these projects.

The City completed a study and began the first portion of a project to provide free public access to wireless Internet service at certain locations. The City will provide a number of wireless hotspots at both indoor and outdoor public locations.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ames, Iowa, for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. This was the 29th consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada presented an award of Distinguished Budget Presentation to the City for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2008. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communication device. The City has received this award every year since 1986/1987. The award is valid for a period of one year only.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Finance Department. We wish to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their interest and support of our efforts in conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

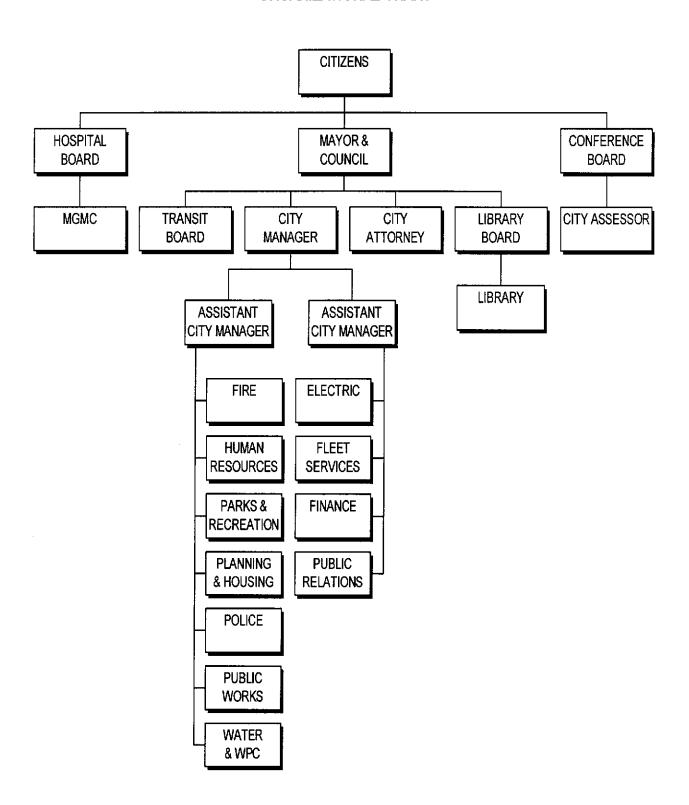
Steven L. Schainker

City Manager

Duane R. Pitcher, CPA, CPFO

Director of Finance

CITY OF AMES, IOWA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CITY OF AMES, IOWA

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Elected Officials

Ann Campbell Mayor

Matthew Goodman

Jim Popken

Dan Rice

Jami Larson

Ryan Doll

Riad Mahayni

Council Member – At Large

Council Member – First Ward

Council Member – Second Ward

Council Member – Third Ward

Council Member – Fourth Ward

Council-Appointed Officials

Steven Schainker City Manager
Doug Marek City Attorney

Manager-Appointed Officials

Bob Kindred Assistant City Manager
Sheila Lundt Assistant City Manager
Don Kom Director of Electric Utility
John Joiner Director of Public Works
Duane Pitcher Director of Finance

Sheri Kyras Director of Transportation

Clint Petersen Fire Chief Chuck Cychosz Police Chief

Julie Huisman Director of Human Resources
Steve Osguthorpe Director of Planning & Housing
Nancy Carroll Director of Parks & Recreation

John Dunn Director of Water and Pollution Control

Paul Hinderaker Director of Fleet Services

Art Weeks Library Director
Roger Wisecup II City Treasurer

Hospital Administration

Brian Dieter President/Chief Executive Officer
Vacant Vice President/Chief Financial Officer



U.S. Mayors' Climate Protection Agreement

With support from the Ames City Council, Mayor Ann Campbell joined mayors from across the country in signing the U.S. Mayors' Climate Protection Agreement.

Cool Cities Committee (City Staff)

Data Collection, Benchmarking

Part of signing the agreement involves creating a baseline inventory of carbon emissions, collecting data about energy management, recycling, waste reduction, transportation, and land use.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Ames Iowa

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2007

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

SEAL SEAL

Elme S. Cox

President

Executive Director

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ames, Iowa for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Ames, Iowa has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 29 consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1979-2007). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ames, Iowa

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ames, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the City of Ames, Iowa. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Mary Greeley Medical Center (presented as an enterprise fund) and the Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation (the discretely presented component unit). Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Mary Greeley Medical Center and the Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ames, Iowa, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2008, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City of Ames, Iowa. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Ames, Iowa. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Dubuque, Iowa

December 16, 2008

Este Sailly LLP

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

This section of the City of Ames (City) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the City's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements found in the next section of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City of Ames exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$502,832,198 (net assets). This was an increase of \$21,063,179 over net assets at June 30, 2007. Unrestricted net assets at June 30, 2008 in the amount of \$166,710,575 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The revenues of the general fund exceeded expenses by \$107,488.
- The ending general fund balance of \$6,653,633 exceeded the City target minimum fund balance of twenty percent of general fund budgeted expenses.
- Within the City's business-type activities, revenues exceeded expenses by \$12,775,411. The City policy is to set rates that fund operational expenses of business-type activities and fund most capital improvements. The increase in net assets represents funds accumulated for planned future capital expenditures.
- For the year, the revenues of the City's governmental funds exceeded expenses by \$5,411,800 compared to \$4,962,114 in 2007.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business. The paragraphs below provide a brief description of the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the

underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave.

The government-wide financial statements are divided into two categories:

Governmental activities. This category consists of services provided by the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Basic City services such as police, fire, public works, planning, parks, the library, and general administration are governmental activities.

Business-type activities. These activities are supported primarily by user fees. The services provided by the City in this category include water, sewer, and electrical utilities, the resource recovery center, municipal golf course, and a municipal hospital.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal requirements for financial transactions and reporting. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains three individual major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, and capital projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, debt service, capital projects, special revenue, and enterprise funds according to State of Iowa code. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided as required supplementary information to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, sewer, water, and storm water drainage utilities. Enterprise funds are also used for the municipal hospital, resource recovery center, transit, parking, and recreational facility operations. Internal service funds are accounting devices used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet services, information services, risk management, and health insurance. The City's internal services benefit both the governmental activities and business-type activities and have been apportioned accordingly in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Mary Greeley Medical Center, electric utility, sewer, and water utility; all of which are considered to be major funds of the City. Data from the other six enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. All internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, internal service funds, and agency funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

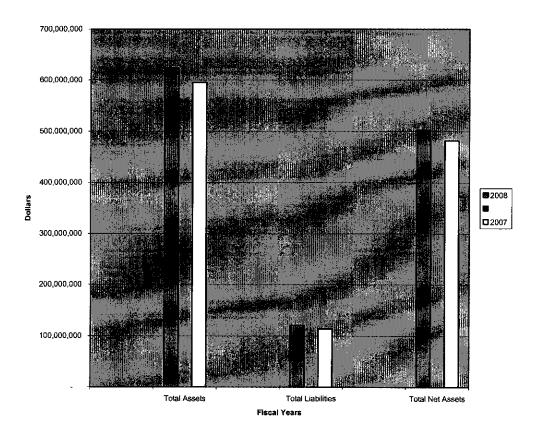
Net assets. As noted earlier, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position when observed over time. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$502,832,198 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The most significant portion of the City's net assets (64.0%) are reflected in investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to the citizens and are not available for future spending.

City of Ames Net Assets

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2008 2007		2008 2007		2008	2007	
Current and other assets	\$ 64,850,917	\$ 56,105,153		\$ 166,050,144	\$ 243,814,216	\$ 222,155,297	
Capital assets, net of depreciation Total assets	129,440,741 194,291,658	123,581,784 179,686,937	250,360,699 429,323,998	249,463,269 415,513,413	379,801,440 623,615,656	373,045,053 595,200,350	
Long-term debt outstanding	34,004,128 32,688,362	30,950,000 30,000,398	22,365,872 31,725,096	23,415,000 29,404,942	56,370,000 64,413,458	54,365,000 59,405,340	
Other liabilities Total liabilities	66,692,490	60,950,398	54,090,968	52,819,942	120,783,458	113,770,340	
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net						044 504 607	
of related debt Restricted	95,550,370 12,523,636	90,093,683 6,680,663		224,440,404 1,695,740	322,015,150 14,106,473	314,534,087 8,376,403	
Unrestricted	19,525,162 \$ 127,599,168	21,962,193 \$ 118,736,539		136,557,327 \$ 362,693,471	166,710,575 \$ 502,832,198	158,519,520 \$ 481,430,010	
Total net assets	J 121,355,100	+ , , 	+1				

Net Assets



A portion of the City's net assets (2.8%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net assets, \$166,710,575 (33.2%), may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the close of fiscal years 2008 and 2007, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole and separate governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the net assets of the City by \$8,523,620 or 40.5% of the total increase in net assets in 2008 and \$6,877,067 or 19.1% of the increase in 2007. Taxes are the largest source of governmental revenues with property taxes of \$20,147,655 in 2008 and other taxes (sales taxes and road use tax) of \$11,344,038. Capital grants and contributions for 2008 totaled \$6,119,361, an increase of \$2,887,743 from additional grants for street projects. The \$833,817 increase in property tax collections in 2008 over 2007 was due to slightly increased valuations and a \$.18 increase in the overall tax rate. The decrease in other taxes was due to decreased local option tax and hotel/motel tax collections. The slowing economy and possible leakage of sales to other areas decreased local option tax collections. Declining interest rates are reflected in the \$15,556 decrease in investment revenue.

Governmental expenses during 2008 increased \$3,011,315 over 2007 expenses or 8.2%. Public safety expenses were up approximately \$1,000,000 due to increased police and fire expenditures

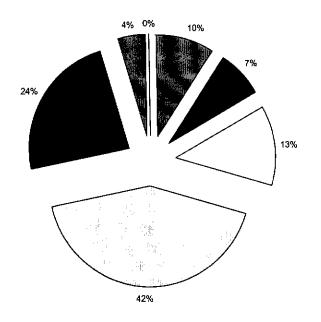
and neighborhood initiatives for proactive enforcement of building codes. Winter snowfall and spring flooding contributed to the increase of approximately \$1,400,000 in public works expenses.

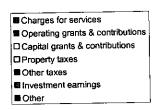
City of Ames Changes in Net Assets

		Governmental Activities		Business-type	Activities	Total		
		2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Revenues								
Program revenues							217 014 227	
Charges for services	\$	4,574,140 \$	4,455,890 \$	222,158,138 \$	212,458,447 \$	226,732,278 \$	216,914,337	
Operating grants & contributions		3,545,354	2,595,245	2,721,873	1,665,682	6,267,227	4,260,927	
Capital grants & contributions		6,119,361	3,231,618	3,290,701	1,724,159	9,410,062	4,955,777	
General revenues							10 712 820	
Property taxes		20,147,655	19,313,838			20,147,655	19,313,838	
Other taxes		11,344,038	11,526,170			11,344,038	11,526,170	
Unrestricted grants & contributions		20,676	15,573			20,676	15,573	
Investment earnings		2,058,452	2,074,008	(750,318)	14,184,748	1,308,134	16,258,756	
Other				2,814	119,501	2,814	119,501	
Total revenues		47,809,676	43,212,342	227,423,208	230,152,537	275,232,884	273,364,879	
Expenses								
Public safety		13,102,633	11,992,224			13,102,633	11,992,224	
Public works		11,675,389	10,227,162			11,675,389	10,227,162	
Health & social services		1,034,327	982,108			1,034,327	982,108	
Culture & recreation		6,591,544	6,147,047			6,591,544	6,147,047	
Community & economic development		3,219,621	3,404,127			3,219,621	3,404,127	
		2,417,083	2,281,674			2,417,083	2,281,674	
General government		1,537,842	1,532,782			1,537,842	1,532,782	
Interest on long-term debt		1,337,042	1,552,702	145,581,895	135,819,426	145,581,895	135,819,426	
Mary Greeley Medical Center				43,727,636	40,398,204	43,727,636	40,398,204	
Electric Utility				5,979,526	6,069,860	5,979,526	6,069,860	
Sewer Utility				6,054,928	5,811,849	6,054,928	5,811,849	
Water Utility				458,119	474,425	458,119	474,425	
Storm Sewer Utility				856,518	828,138	856,518	828,138	
Parking Lot				3,636,402	3,887,199	3,636,402	3,887,199	
Resource Recovery				7,597,860	6,911,902	7,597,860	6,911,902	
Transit				480,418	432,532	480,418	432,532	
Ames/ISU Ice Arena				217,964	224,749	217,964	224,749	
Homewood Golf Course		20 550 430	36,567,124	214,591,266	200,858,284	254,169,705	237,425,408	
Total expenses	_	39,578,439	30,307,144	214,371,200	200,020,204		:3.77-52	
Excess before transfers		8,231,237	6,645,218	12,831,942	29,294,253	21,063,179	35,939,471	
Transfers	_	292,383	231,849	(292,383)	(231,849)			
Increase in net assets	s <u> </u>	8,523,620 \$	<u>6,877,067</u> \$	12,539,559 \$	29,062,404 \$	21,063,179 \$	35,939,471	

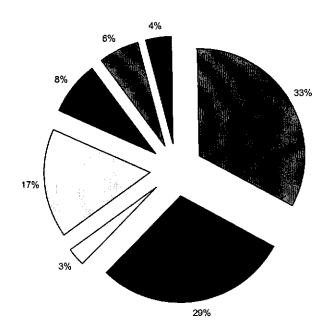
Below are specific graphs which provide comparisons of the governmental activities revenues and functional expenses.

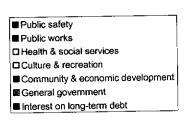
Governmental Activities Revenues 2008





Governmental Activities Expenses 2008

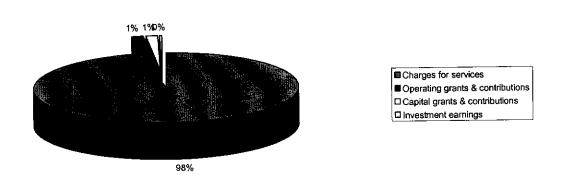




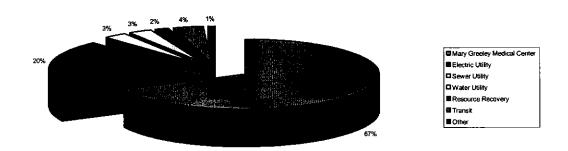
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased net assets by \$12,539,559 accounting for 59.5% of the City of Ames growth in net assets at June 30, 2008. This was \$16,522,845 less than the 2007 increase in net assets of \$29,062,404. Investment earnings decreased \$14,935,066 during 2008. A decline in stock market performance resulted in a \$2.5 million loss from investments of Mary Greeley Medical Center compared to a \$12.2 million gain in 2007. Business-type charges for services increased \$9,699,691 during 2008 or 4.6% over 2007 totals. Operating and capital grants and contributions increased \$2,622,733 over 2007 totals due to an increase in transit grants for buses and the administrative building and increased contributions of water and sewer lines from developers of \$931,885.

The expenses of the business-type activities increased \$13,732,982 or 6.8% over 2007 expenses. Expenses for Mary Greeley Medical Center were 71.1% of this total increase or \$9,762,469 due mainly to increases in salaries and wages, employee benefits, and software and maintenance contracts. Below are graphs showing the business-type activities revenue and expense comparisons.

Business-type Activities Revenues 2008



Business-type Activities Expenses 2008



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$33,556,070 at June 30, 2008. This was an increase of \$5,411,800 over the prior year. Approximately forty-eight percent (\$16,201,322) constitutes unreserved fund balance, a decrease of \$2,690,481 over the 2007 unreserved fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed for encumbrances and endowments, inventories and prepaid items, debt service, long-term receivables, and state and grant restricted purposes. New reserved fund balances for 2008 are \$1,000,000 Furman Aquatic Center endowment and \$1,023,102 restricted by the donor for expenditures for the Furman Aquatic Center.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$107,488 or 1.6% leaving a fund balance in excess of 29.4% of current annual expenditures and exceeding the City's goal of 20% of expenditures.

The debt service fund increased its fund balance \$316,216 during 2008. The timing of bond issuances and expenditures has allowed the City to maintain a fund balance in debt service in excess of \$1,400,000.

The fund balance of the capital projects fund increased by \$1,569,497 to \$6,680,014 at June 30, 2008. Expenditures were \$9,399,243 or \$4,574,003 more than 2007 expenditures. Filling of staff vacancies allowed increased projects to be completed during the year and major projects to be initiated. Bonds issued for capital projects in 2008 included \$3,210,000 for the Furman Aquatic Center. An additional \$5,340,000 will be issued in 2009 to complete this project.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The combined net assets of the enterprise funds at June 30, 2008 totaled \$369,943,187 of which 38.8% (\$143,480,685) is unrestricted. This is a \$12,775,411 or 3.6% increase over the 2007 net assets of \$357,167,776. The net assets of the internal service funds are \$15,944,407, a \$263,415 increase over the 2007 total net assets. The unrestricted net assets of the internal service funds are \$11,255,141 (70.6%).

The net assets of Mary Greeley Medical Center increased \$4,684,199 to \$176,094,078 or 2.7% over the 2007 net assets of \$171,409,879. The change in net assets includes a decrease in investment earnings of approximately \$2,507,000 due to poor investment performance. Increases in Medical Center salaries, employee benefits, recruitment expenses, and maintenance and software contracts contributed to the reduced earnings.

The Electric Utility had a \$3,838,769 increase in net assets which is \$1,828,440 less than the 2007 increase in net assets of \$5,667,209. Costs of goods and services increased in 2008 by \$4,048,394 due to planned maintenance of generating equipment, additional unexpected repairs discovered under planned maintenance, and increased costs for fuel and purchased power. Charges for services increased \$1,666,013. Investment earnings decreased \$168,288 due to lower interest rates.

The Sewer Utility's decrease in net assets of \$335,911 was \$603,204 less than the 2007 decrease. There was an increase in capital contributions from developers of \$467,869 during 2008. An increase in sewer utility rates is under consideration for 2009 or 2010.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were two amendments to the City's 2007-2008 budget. The first amendment was passed in March 2008 to reflect carryovers of capital project expenditures and amended in May to reflect year-end expenditures and revenues more closely.

General Fund. The budget amendments increased the general fund's budgeted expenditures \$648,649. Actual general fund expenses were \$470,973 (2.04%) less than the final budgeted amount of \$23,091,884.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008, amounts to \$379,801,440 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$6,756,387 or 1.8% above the 2007 investment of \$373,045,053. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements in this report on pages 65 and 66.

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year illustrating the diversity of City projects included the following current year amounts rounded to the nearest \$100:

Grand Avenue extension \$1,996,600.

CyRide building office expansion \$2,425,400.

North River Valley Park softball fencing \$91,200.

Library self-check machines \$51,800.

Fleet equipment \$495,800.

SE 16th Street paving and bridge \$3,645,500.

SW zone elevated water tank \$1,405,466.

Ada Hayden Park SE restroom \$94,000.

Power plant passenger elevator \$166,400.

Don and Ruth Furman Aquatic Center (ongoing) \$2,118,800.

Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

		Governmental A	Activities	Business-type	Activities	Total		
		2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	
Land	\$	10,983,578 \$	10,863,779 \$	10,273,185 \$	10,019,218 \$	21,256,763 \$	20,882,997	
Other nondepreciable assets		4,298,677	4,355,370			4,298,677	4,355,370	
Depreciable assets		104,816,675	105,255,770	226,358,273	227,327,621	331,174,948	332,583,391	
Construction in progress		9,341,811	3,106,865	13,729,241	12,116,430	23,071,052	15,223,295	
		_	"					
Total	\$_	129,440,741 \$	123,581,784 \$	250,360,699 \$	249,463,269 \$	379,801,440 \$	373,045,053	

Long-term Debt. At the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the City had bonds outstanding of \$63,750,000. General obligation debt was \$41,195,000 and revenue bonds outstanding totaled \$22,555,000. General obligation bonds of \$5,920,000 were issued for the cost of construction, reconstruction and repair of streets and storm sewers in the City; \$3,210,000 was issued for construction of the Furman Aquatic Complex; and \$500,000 was issued for water projects to be repaid by the Water fund.

Outstanding Debt

	Governmental A	Activities	Business-type /	Activities	Total		
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2006	
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds	\$ 39,854,081 \$	36,355,000 \$	1,340,919 \$ 22,555,000	1,310,000 S 23,685,000	41,195,000 \$ 22,555,000	37,665,000 23,685,000	
Total	\$ 39,854,081 \$	36,355,000 \$	23,895,919 \$	24,995,000 \$	63,750,000 \$	61,350,000	

Long-term debt amounts (bonds payable) are shown without reference to applicable premiums.

45,000,000 40,000,000 35,000,000 25,000,000 10,000,000 5,000,000

Outstanding Debt

The City maintains a Aaa rating from Moody's Investor Services on all its general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt an Iowa city may issue to five percent (5%) of the actual assessed valuation at January 1, 2006 related to the 2007-2008 fiscal year. The current debt limitation for the City is \$156,153,257. A portion of the outstanding general obligation debt is abated by revenue sources other than the property tax levy. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements in this report on pages 68 through 71.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City's unemployment rate ended the fiscal year at 3.3%, moderately higher than the 2.9% rate for the prior year and under the State of Iowa rate of 4.0% and the 5.7% national rate.

City revenue sources affected by economic activity such as local option sales tax, building permit fees, and road use tax showed slight increases or decreases from the prior year.

Selected Revenues

	2008	2007	Change
Local Option Tax	5,890,772	5,995,753	(104,981)
Hotel/Motel Tax	1,106,387	1,298,009	(191,622)
Road Use Tax	4,346,879	4,244,752	102,127
Building Permits	605,935	553,924	52,011

Property taxes.

The City anticipates limited growth in valuation of taxable property. The 2008-2009 budget required a \$.63 (6.04%) increase in the property tax rate from \$10.43/\$1,000 of taxable valuation to \$11.06. It should be noted that \$.47 of this rate increase, or \$960,000, is attributable to the first year's debt payment for the new Donald and Ruth Furman Aquatics Center that was approved by 76% of the voters. Without this payment, the tax rate increase would be only 1.46%.

This moderate property tax increase is due in part to:

- Continued success in the area of health care cost containment.
- A larger than anticipated fund balance in the general fund has allowed financing of one-time capital items in 2007-2008 rather than raising taxes to support these expenditures.
- The larger than expected fund balance has also allowed utilizing general fund monies to offset the entire 2007-2008 obligation to the retirement plan for police and fire personnel. The normal transfer from the special revenue fund for this expense was not made. This extends the availability of the special revenue fund to mitigate future property tax subsidies for the state-mandated police and fire retirement system.

Utility rates. Rates charged the citizens of Ames by the electric, water, and sewer utilities were increased for FY 2008-2009. Rates for storm sewer and Resource Recovery were not increased.

Requests for information. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, 515 Clark Avenue, Ames, Iowa, 50010.



CyRide Saves

- 4.3 million rides last year saved an estimated half-million gallons of gas
- Two solar-powered bus shelters
- Recycled plastic bus benches

CyRide's new 10,000 sq. ft. office building was designed to qualify for a silver Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) certification, making it one of a handful of buildings in the state that meets these stringent new "green" building standards.

Just a few of the features that make it a green facility include:

- a white, reflective roof
- a rainwater storage tank used to irrigate the landscaping
- large north-facing windows that allow for lower light energy usage

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

		Primary Government					
ASSETS		ernmental tivities	Business-ty Activities	-	Total		Component Unit
Current assets:							
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$ 43.	351,554	\$ 31,888,4	86 \$	75,240,040	\$	558,963
Investments	4	,	20,242,9		20,242,937	•	9,757,606
Taxes receivable		328,479	_0,,0	•	328,479		0,707,000
Special assessments receivable		166,461			166,461		
Accounts receivable, net		493,223	28,514,5	15	29,007,768		7,120
Pledges receivable, net		+50, LL 0	20,014,0		23,007,700		281,425
Accrued interest receivable		285,508	272,2	17	557,725		201,423
Intergovernmental receivables		474,964	1,309,9		3,784,941		
Loans receivable	2,	68,279	1,000,0	1	68,279		
Internal balances	íA.	897,749)	4.897.74	10	00,213		
Inventories	• •	235,159	7,756,8	-	7,992,043		
Houses held for resale		236,944	7,750,00	3 *+	236,944		
Prepaid items		103,663	2,103,2	20	2,206,901		
Total unrestricted current assets		846,485	96,986,0				10 605 114
Total diffestilated culterit assets	<u> 42,</u>	040,403	30,300,0		139,832,518		10,605,114
Restricted current assets:							
Investments			2,727,8	77	2,727,877		
Accrued interest receivable			342,69	93	342,693		
Total restricted current assets			3,070,5	70	3,070,570		
Total current assets	42,	846,485	100,056,60	03	142,903,088	,	10,605,114
Noncurrent assets:							
Long-term investments			50,53	32	50,532		
Succeeding year taxes receivable	21,	407,250			21,407,250		
Long-term loans receivable		224,502			224,502		
Long-term special assessments receivable		235,534			235,534		
Deferred debt issuance costs		137,146	457,0°	14	594,160		
Capital assets:		,	,-		001,700		
Land	10.	983,578	10,273,18	35	21,256,763		
Other nondepreciable assets		298,677	,,_,		4,298,677		
Depreciable assets	•	462,487	486,465,09	95	664,927,582		
Construction in progress		341 811	13,729,24		23,071,052		
Less accumulated depreciation		645 812)	(260,106,82		(333,752,634)		
Capital assets, net		440,741	250,360,69	<u> </u>	379,801,440	•	
Total unrestricted noncurrent assets		145,173	250,868,24	_	402,313,418		
Restricted noncurrent assets:							
Long-term investments			78,399,15	50	78,399,150		
-						•	
Total noncurrent assets	151,	445,173	329,267,39	<u>95 </u>	480,712,568	-	
Total assets	194,	291,658	429,323,99	8	623,615,656	_	10,605,114

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

		Primary Govern	ment	
LIADII ITIES	Governmental	Business-type	T. 4.4	Component
LIABILITIES	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	1,886,696	11,292,665	13,179,361	142,608
Retainage payable	379,934	980,844	1,360,778	
Due to other governments	121,449	209,704	331,153	
Compensation and payroll taxes	179,513	3,606,161	3,785,674	
Employee benefits	5,659	9,855,457	9,861,116	
Bonds payable	5,849,953	1,530,047	7,380,000	
Interest payable	129,381	144,710	274,091	
Claims payable	450,000	476,635	926,635	
Unearned revenue	216,386	5,725	222,111	
Landfill postclosure costs Customer deposits	04.057	16,141	16,141	
Total current liabilities	91,857 9,310,828	845,727	937,584	440.000
rotal current liabilities	9,310,020	28,963,816	38,274,644	142,608
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Employee benefits	1,738,695	1,140,425	2,879,120	
Post-employment benefits	1,802	760,408	762,210	
Bonds payable	34,004,128	22,365,872	56,370,000	
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued	229,787	602,005	831,792	
Deferred charges		(559,371)	(559,371)	
Notes payable				
Due to other governments				
Succeeding year unearned revenue	21,407,250		21,407,250	
Claims payable		295,328	295,328	
Landfill postclosure costs		522,485	522,485	
Total noncurrent liabilities	57,381,662	<u>25,127,152</u>	82,508,814	
Total liabilities	66,692,490	54,090,968	120,783,458	142,608
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	95,550,370	226,464,780	322,015,150	
Restricted:				
Expendable for:				
Debt service	1,423,410	1,582,837	3,006,247	
Capital improvements State and grant purposes	5,963,710		5,963,710	
Donor restricted purposes	2,267,508		2,267,508	
Mary Greeley Medical Center	1,023,102		1,023,102	7 700 004
Nonexpendable for:				7,766,394
Perpetual care	845,906		945 006	
Furman Aquatic Center endowment	1,000,000		845,906 1,000,000	
Bliss Cancer Endowment Fund	1,000,000		1,000,000	242 750
Unrestricted	19,525,162	147,185,413	166,710,575	242,758 2,453,354
Total net assets	\$ <u>127,599,168</u> \$	375,233,030	\$502,832,198_	\$ 10,462,506

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

				Pr	ogram Revenues	i
					Operating	
			Charges for		Grants and	
Functions		Expenses	Services		Contributions	
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
Public safety	\$	13,102,633	2,356,88	7	151,646	
Public works		11,675,389	114,99	7	207,512	
Health and social services		1,034,327				
Culture and recreation		6,591,544	1,066,913	3	1,252,148	
Community and economic development		3,219,621	197,556	3	1,932,067	
General government		2,417,083	837,78	7	1,981	
Interest on long-term debt	_	1,537,842				
Total governmental activities	_	39,578,439	4,574,140	<u> </u>	3,545,354	
Business-type activities:						
Mary Greeley Medical Center		145,581,895	152,684,036	3	90,052	
Electric Utility		43,727,636	47,973,17	1		
Sewer Utility		5,979,526	4,811,33	1		
Water Utility		6,054,928	6,474,046	3		
Storm Sewer Utility		458,119	828,644	1		
Parking Lot		856,518	860,259	5		
Resource Recovery		3,636,402	3,813,799	9	614,954	
Transit		7,597,860	4,079,218		2,016,867	
Ames/ISU Ice Arena		480,418	417,71		,	
Homewood Golf Course	_	217,964	215,92	3		
Total business-type activities	_	214,591,266	222,158,138	3	2,721,873	
Total primary government	\$_	254,169,705	\$ 226,732,278	<u> </u>	6,267,227	
Component unit:						
Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation	\$ _	773,587	:	\$ =	958,207	

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Road use tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment earnings

Gain on disposal of capital assets

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Total net assets at beginning of year Restatement of net assets Total net assets as restated

Total net assets at end of year

Conital	_	c	ha	xpense) Reven	set	s	
Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		mary Governm Business-type Activities	ent	Total	Component Unit
3,968,164	\$	(10,594,100) (7,384,716)			\$	(10,594,100) (7,384,716)	
0,000,104		(1,034,327)				(1,034,327)	
2,151,197		(2,121,286)				(2,121,286)	
		(1,089,998)				(1,089,998)	
		(1,577,315)				(1,577,315)	
-		(1,537,842)			_	(1,537,842)	
6,119,361		(25,339,584)			-	(25,339,584)	
			\$	7,192,193		7,192,193	
			-	4,245,535		4,245,535	
582,221				(585,974)		(585,974)	
604,368				1,023,486		1,023,486	
				370,525		370,525	
				3,737 792,351		3,737 792,351	
2,084,112				582,337		582,337	
20,000				(42,703)		(42,703)	
<u> </u>				(2,041)		(2,041)	
3,290,701			_	13,579,446	_	13,579,446	
\$ 9,410,062	: -	(25,339,584)	-	13,579,446		(11,760,138)	
\$	•						\$ 184,620
		00 447 055				00.447.055	
		20,147,655 6,997,159				20,147,655 6,997,159	
		4,346,879				4,346,879	
		20,676				20,676	
		2,058,452		(750,318)		1,308,134	(575,088)
		000.000		2,814		2,814	
	-	292,383 33,863,204	-	(292,383) (1,039,887)		32,823,317	(575,088)
	-	00,000,207	-	11,000,007)	•	0E,0E0,011	(000,000)
		8,523,620		12,539,559		21,063,179	(390,468)
		118,736,539 339,009		362,693,471		481,430,010 339,009	10,852,974
	_	119,075,548	_	362,693,471	-	481,769,019	10,852,974
	\$_	127,599,168	\$_	375,233,030	\$ <u>_</u>	502,832,198	\$ 10,462,506

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

				Debt		Canidal		Other		Total
ASSETS		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Governmental Funds		Governmental Funds
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	5,200,151	\$	1,291,615	\$	7,435,497	\$	18,144,642	\$	32,071,905
Taxes receivable		190,928		120,120				17,431		328,479
Special assessments receivable						166,461				166,461
Accounts receivable		299,448				1,250		130,621		431,319
Accrued interest receivable		127,634		11,442		138		62,091		201,305
Intergovernmental receivables		113,617				560,030		1,790,794		2,464,441
Loans receivable		4 0 40 00-						68,279		68,279
Due from other funds		1,242,237		233		66,497		80,430		1,389,397
Inventories		39,980						124,267		164,247
Houses held for resale		22.000						236,944		236,944
Prepaid items Succeeding year taxes receivable		32,909		9 027 020				3,324		36,233
- ·		12,412,821		8,037,938				956,491		21,407,250
Long-term loans receivable						225 524		224,502		224,502
Long-term special assessments receivable	_				-	235,534		****	-	235,534
Total assets	\$_	19,659,725	\$	9,461,348	\$_	8,465,407	\$	21,839,816	\$.	59,426,296
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	160,182			\$	589,519	\$	644,457	\$	1,394,158
Retainage payable						319,219		60,715		379,934
Interest payable								22		22
Due to other governments		41,299				2,950		16,597		60,846
Compensation and payroll taxes		107,303				5,318		52,785		165,406
Due to other funds		272,269				632,853		932,766		1,837,888
Deferred revenue		12,218				235,534		285,113		532,865
Succeeding year deferred revenue		12,412,821	\$	8,037,938				956,491		21,407,250
Customer deposits					_			91,857		91,857
Total liabilities	_	13,006,092		8,037,938	· <u> </u>	1,785,393		3,040,803	. -	25,870,226
Fund balances:										
Reserved for:		000 470								
Encumbrances		203,179				6,680,014		834,211		7,717,404
Perpetual care								845,906		845,906
Furman Aquatic Center endowment		20.000						1,000,000		1,000,000
Inventories Houses held for resale		39,980						124,267		164,247
Long-term loans receivable								236,944		236,944
Prepaid items		32,909						224,502		224,502
Debt service		32,909		1,423,410				3,324		36,233
State and grant restricted purpose				1,423,410				2 267 500		1,423,410
Donor restricted purposes								2,267,508 1,023,102		2,267,508 1,023,102
Unreserved:								1,023,102		1,023,102
Designated for subsequent year's										
expenditures in nonmajor special										
revenue funds								2,415,492		2,415,492
Unreserved, reported in:								, .,		_,,
General fund		6,377,565								6,377,565
Nonmajor special revenue funds			_		_			9,823,757		9,823,757
Total fund balances	_	6,653,633	_	1,423,410	_	6,680,014	_	18,799,013	_	33,556,070
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	19,659,725	\$_	9,461,348	\$	8,465,407	\$	21,839,816	\$	59,426,296

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	33,556,070
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Land Other nondepreciable assets Depreciable assets Construction in progress Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>-</u>	10,983,578 4,298,677 166,238,252 9,341,811 (66,108,565) 124,753,753
Debt issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds		137,146
Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and are reported as deferred revenue in the funds; 28.6% is accrued for the government-wide		80,945
Long-term special assessments receivable are not considered available to pay for the curent period's expenditures and are reported as deferred revenue in the funds.		235,534
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet services and acquisition, data processing and telecommunications, and health, workers compensation and other insurance to individual funds: Current assets Depreciable assets Less: accumulated depreciation Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	<u></u>	12,153,034 12,224,235 (7,537,247) (1,425,637) (134,880) 15,279,505
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Interest payable on general obligation bonds Long-term employee benefits payable Post-employment benefits General obligation bonds payable Unamortized premiums on bonds sold		(129,359) (1,603,967) (1,650) (39,854,081) (229,787) (41,818,844)
Internal balance due to integration of internal service funds	_	(4,624,941)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$_	127,599,168

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		General		Debt Service		Capital Projects
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	11,735,223	\$	7,119,390		
Special assessments					\$	117,218
Licenses and permits		1,083,017				
Intergovernmental		330,480		35,392		1,741,517
Charges for services		3,179,950				
Fines and forfeits		186,848				
Donations		12,202				
Investment earnings		885,729		229,180		346,556
Miscellaneous		148,702				1,384
Total revenues	_	17,562,151	_	7,383,962		2,206,675
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety		12,771,746				
Public works		1,259,985		315,000		
Health and social services		140,081				
Culture and recreation		5,739,333				
Community and economic development		615,447				
General government		2,094,319				
Capital projects						9,399,243
Debt service:						
Principal retirement				5,630,919		
Interest and fiscal charges				1,620,271		
Total expenditures	_	22,620,911		7,566,190		9,399,243
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	_	(5,058,760)		(182,228)		(7,192,568)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Issuance of bonds						9,059,781
Premiums on debt issued				69,583		. ,
Transfers in		6,487,717		428,861		1,304,492
Transfers out		(1,321,469)		•		(1,602,208)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	5,166,248	_	498,444	-	8,762,065
Net change in fund balances		107,488		316,216		1,569,497
Fund balances at beginning of year		6,546,145		1,107,194		5,110,517
Restatement of fund balances	_				_	
Beginning fund balances as restated		6,546,145	_	1,107,194	_	5,110,517
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	6,653,633	\$	1,423,410	\$_	6,680,014

Funds 1,293,042 \$ 20,147,655		Other		Total Governmental
117,218 1,083,017 13,149,846 216,898 3,396,848 186,848 3,176,317 3,188,519 362,961 1,824,426 26,812 176,898 18,225,876 155,626 12,927,372 3,542,649 5,117,634 893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,603,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (5,014,655) 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
1,083,017 13,149,846 216,898 3,396,848 186,848 3,176,317 3,188,519 362,961 1,824,426 26,812 176,898 18,225,876 45,378,664 155,626 12,927,372 3,542,649 5,117,634 893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (5,014,655) 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270	\$	1,293,042	\$	
13,149,846 216,898 3,396,848 186,848 3,176,317 3,188,519 362,961 1,824,426 26,812 176,898 18,225,876 45,378,664 155,626 12,927,372 3,542,649 5,117,634 893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 49,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (5,014,655) 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
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186,848 3,176,317 362,961 26,812 176,898 18,225,876 155,626 12,927,372 3,542,649 5,117,634 893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 8,384,379 (5,177,964) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
3,176,317 3,188,519 362,961 1,824,426 26,812 176,898 18,225,876 45,378,664 155,626 12,927,372 3,542,649 5,117,634 893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 8,384,379 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		2.10,000		
26,812 176,898 18,225,876 45,378,664 155,626 12,927,372 3,542,649 5,117,634 893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 8,384,379 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		3,176,317		•
18,225,876 45,378,664 155,626 12,927,372 3,542,649 5,117,634 893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 8,384,379 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
155,626 12,927,372 3,542,649 5,117,634 893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
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893,695 1,033,776 421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		155,626		12,927,372
421,589 6,160,922 2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		3,542,649		5,117,634
2,602,521 3,217,968 112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
112,743 2,207,062 2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
2,063,799 11,463,042 5,630,919 1,620,271 9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
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9,792,622 49,378,966 8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
8,433,254 (4,000,302) 9,059,781 69,583 163,309 (8,101,641) (5,014,655) (8,101,641) 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		0.702.622		
9,059,781 69,583 163,309 8,384,379 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		3,7 92,022		49,370,900
69,583 163,309 8,384,379 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		8,433,254		(4,000,302)
163,309 8,384,379 (5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				9,059,781
(5,177,964) (8,101,641) (5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270				
(5,014,655) 9,412,102 3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		-		
3,418,599 5,411,800 15,041,405 27,805,261 339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270	-			
339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		<u> </u>	•	
339,009 339,009 15,380,414 28,144,270		15,041,405		27,805,261
\$ <u>18,799,013</u> \$ 33,556,070		15,380,414		28,144,270
	\$	18,799,013	\$	33,556,070

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	5,411,800
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. In the government-wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		10.007.000
Current additions to capital assets Current deletion of capital assets		12,837,268 (1,176,187)
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources. Depreciation expense is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.		
Current depreciation Current elimination of depreciation on deleted assets		(6,088,413) 725,182
Debt issuance costs do not require the use of current financial resources; they are amortized over the life of the debt.		27,637
Current year amortization of debt issuance costs is not shown as an expenditure in governmental funds.		(18,684)
Hotel/Motel taxes collected after year-end are shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.		80,945
Prior year accrued Hotel/Motel taxes are shown as revenue in the funds and not in the government-wide statements.		(81,355)
The change in long-term special assessments receivable is shown as deferred revenue in the funds and revenue in the government-wide statements.		(102,975)
Premiums on bonds sold are not current financial resources. They are used to reduce the amount of interest expense and amortized over the life of the bonds issued.		(69,583)
Current year amortization of premiums is not shown as a revenue. It is used to reduce current year interest expense.		84,490
Long-term employee benefits and post-employment benefits are reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets. They do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(95,677)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the government-wide statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds. Repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the		
government-wide statement of net assets. Bond proceeds from issuances Payments on long-term debt		(9,130,000) 5,630,919
Interest expense on long-term debt is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net assets. It does not require the use of current financial resources. This interest expense is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		
Reversal of prior year accrued interest on general obligation bonds Interest payable on general obligation bonds at year-end		118,345 (129,359)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet services and acquisition, data processing and telecommunications, and health, workers compensation, and other insurance to individual funds. The revenues and expenses of the internal service funds are divided between		
the governmental funds and business-type funds according to their proportion of usage. Portion of internal service funds		499,267
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	8,523,620



Demand Side Management Program

- Incentives for Reducing Consumption
- Educational Components

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

			Bus	iness-type Activit	ies -	
				Enterprise Funds		
	-	Mary Greeley				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Medical		Electric		Sewer
ASSETS		Center		Utility		Utility
						·
Current assets:						
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	13,461,961	\$	2,487,779	\$	5,230,341
Investments				20,242,937		
Accounts receivable, net		20,660,056		6,151,733		490,885
Accrued interest receivable				145,211		39,904
Intergovernmental receivables				423,034		13,167
Due from other funds				91,954		34,964
Inventories		2,657,990		4,692,054		01,001
Prepaid items		1,260,374		9,477		490
Total unrestricted current assets	-	38,040,381	-	34,244,179	-	5,809,751
	-	00,001		0+12+4,110	-	3,003,731
Restricted current assets:						
Investments		2,727,877				
Accrued interest receivable		342,693				
Total restricted current assets	_	3,070,570	· -	·	· -	
Total current assets		44 440 054		04.044.470		
Total Current assets	-	41,110,951	-	34,244,179	-	5,809,751
Noncurrent assets:						
Long-term investments				50,532		
Accounts receivable				00,002		
Deferred debt issuance costs, net		449,400				
Capital assets:		770,700				
Land		4,774,987		1 506 262		4.040.000
Land improvements		1,229,128		1,586,363		1,910,222
Plant and distribution systems		1,223,120		140 004 200		00 540 405
Buildings		07 229 004		148,084,369		69,549,435
Equipment		97,228,084				
Construction in progress		81,501,805		0.000.400		
Less accumulated depreciation		2,851,728		9,096,460		45,857
Capital assets, net	_	(87,151,630)	_	(103,262,104)	_	(33,541,836)
Total unrestricted noncurrent assets	_	100,434,102	_	55,505,088	_	37,963,678
rotal unrestricted noncurrent assets	_	100,883,502	_	55,555,620	_	37,963,678
Restricted noncurrent assets:						
Long-term investments		78,399,150				
	_	10,000,100	-		_	
Total noncurrent assets		179,282,652		55,555,620		37,963,678
	_		_	-,		,-,-,-,-,-
Total assets	_	220,393,603		89,799,799		43,773,429
			_		-	

			iness-type Activiti orise Funds (cont				
 		1001	Other				Internal
	Water		Enterprise				Service
	Utility		Funds		Totals		Funds
	Juney		T dilug		101410	-	runus
\$	5,397,065	\$	5,188,936	\$	31,766,082 20,242,937	\$	11,402,053
	771,514		439,781		28,513,969		62,480
	42,015		39,532		266,662		89,758
	1,972		871,804		1,309,977		10,523
	373,843		184,353		685,114		503,558
	213,191		193,649		7,756,884		•
	789		1,268		1,272,398		70,912 898,270
-	6,800,389		6,919,323		91,814,023	-	13,037,554
-	0,000,309		0,919,323		91,014,023	-	13,037,004
					2,727,877		
					342,693		
_					3,070,570	-	
-				•	0,010,010	-	
	6,800,389		6,919,323		94,884,593		13,037,554
		•		•	······································	_	
					50,532		
	1,427		6,187		457,014		
	581,413		1,420,200		10,273,185		
	001,710		1,573,063		2,802,191		180,852
	48,696,555		1,010,000		266,330,359		100,002
	40,000,000		23,700,914		120,928,998		551,493
			14,888,072		96,389,877		11,505,560
	1,735,196		14,000,012		13,729,241		11,505,500
	(16,817,858)		(19,322,002)		(260,095,430)		(7,548,639)
_	34,195,306	-	22,260,247		250,358,421	-	4,689,266
	34,196,733	-	22,266,434	•	250,865,967	_	4,689,266
-	- 11.00,.00	-			200,000,001	-	4,000,200
_		_			78,399,150		
				•		_	<u></u>
_	34,196,733	_	22,266,434		329,265,117	_	4,689,266
	40 007 122		20 105 757		424 140 710		47 700 000
_	40,997,122	_	29,185,757	-	424,149,710	_	17,726,820

(continued)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities -						
				Enterprise Funds	•		
		Mary Greeley					
LIABILITIES		Medical		Electric		Sewer	
		Center		Utility		Utility	
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	6,792,645	\$	3,788,909	\$	163,888	
Retainage payable		701,923		38,773		8,366	
Due to other governments				117,055		9,231	
Compensation and payroll taxes		3,292,753		121,254		9,139	
Employee benefits		9,789,516		29,534		7,057	
Due to other funds				420,019		84,132	
Bonds payable		1,060,000					
Interest payable		85,451		55,248			
Claims payable				,			
Unearned revenue							
Landfill postclosure costs							
Customer deposits				845,727			
Total current liabilities	-	21,722,288	-	5,416,519		281,813	
	-			0,110,010		201,010	
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Employee benefits				530,477		119,375	
Post-employment benefits		759,000		602		165	
Bonds payable		21,495,000					
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued		568,710					
Deferred charges		(540,801)					
Claims payable		295,328					
Landfill postclosure costs		200,020					
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	22,577,237	-	531,079	-	119,540	
Total Horizon Total Habilitady	-	LL,011,201	-	301,079	-	113,540	
Total liabilities	_	44,299,525	_	5,947,598		401,353	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		77,879,102		55,505,088		37,963,678	
Restricted for debt service		1,582,837		55,000,000		3.,000,010	
Unrestricted		96,632,139		28,347,113		5,408,398	
	-		_	±0,071,110	-	0,400,030	
Total net assets	\$_	176,094,078	\$_	83,852,201	\$_	43,372,076	

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to business-type activities.

Net assets of business-type activities

	Busi	iness	-type	Acti	vities	-
=	ntar	ariea	Eurad	- /		

_	Enterprise Funds (continued)						
	Water Utility		Other Enterprise Funds		Totals		Internal Service Funds
\$	233,340	\$	200,975	\$	11,179,757	\$	605,446
	91,408		140,374		980,844	,	,
	24,272		58,850		209,408		60,899
	27,395		153,035		3,603,576		16,692
	9,009		19,921		9,855,037		6,079
	106,290		106,929		717,370		22,811
	35,047		435,000		1,530,047		,-
	1,503		2,508		144,710		
			-		•		926,635
			5,725		5,725		220,020
			16,141		16,141		
			,		845,727		
_	528,264	-	1,139,458	•	29,088,342		1,638,562
				-		•	······
	166,357		315,248		1,131,457		143,696
	188		450		760,405		155
	445,872		425,000		22,365,872		
	3,592		29,703		602,005		
			(18,570)		(559,371)		
					295,328		
_		_	522,485	_	522,485		
_	616,009	_	1,274,316	-	25,118,181		143,851
_	1,144,273	_	2,413,774	-	54,206,523	-	1,782,413
	33,714,387		21,400,247		226,462,502		4,689,266
	6,138,462		5,371,736		1,582,837 143,480,685		11,255,141
_		_	3,0,.30	-	5, .55,000	-	11,200,141
5	39,852,849	\$	26,771,983	\$	369,943,187	s	15,944,407

5,289,843 \$ 375,233,030

(concluded)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Mary Greeley Medical Center	Electric Utility	Sewer Utility		
Operating revenues:					
Charges for goods and services	\$ <u>152,684,036</u>	\$ <u>47,973,171</u> \$	4,811,331		
Operating expenses:					
Cost of goods and services	109,601,580	39,821,781	3,495,480		
Administration	23,500,505	897,334	517,311		
Depreciation	11,257,625	2,810,585	1,923,889		
Total operating expenses	144,359,710	43,529,700	5,936,680		
Operating income (loss)	8,324,326	4,443,471	(1,125,349)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment earnings	(2,507,994) 1,010,847	231,218		
Interest expense	(1,147,839	(53,114)			
Restricted donations	24,458				
Federal, state, and other operating grants	65,594				
Costs reimbursed by contract participants					
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(74,346		(20,786)		
Total nonoperating revenues	(3,640,127	960,547	210,432		
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	4,684,199	5,404,018	(914,917)		
Capital contributions Transfers in			582,221		
Transfers out		(4.505.040)	(0.045)		
Transiers out		(1,565,249)	(3,215)		
Change in net assets	4,684,199	3,838,769	(335,911)		
Total net assets at beginning of year	171,409,879	80,013,432	43,707,987		
Total net assets at end of year	\$ 176,094,078	\$ 83,852,201	43,372,076		

Change in net assets

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to business-type activities

Change in net assets of business-type activities

Business-type Activities -
Enterprise Funds (continued)

Internal			illueu)	Other			
Service				Enterprise		Water	
Funds		Totals		Funds		Utility	
\$ 11,587,76	8	222,158,138	<u>4</u> \$	10,215,554	\$_	6,474,046	\$
10,941,09	7	168,258,567	5	10,657,885		4,681,841	
	5	26,236,345	2	1,052,302		268,893	
932,97		18,502,593		1,442,674	_	1,067,820	
11,874,06	<u>5</u>	212,997,505	<u>1 </u>	13,152,861	_	6,018,554	
(286,30	3_	9,160,633	<u>7) </u>	(2,937,307)		455,492	
520,83	8)	(750,318)	4	254,164		261,447	
,	•	(1,254,802)	7)	(41,957)		(11,892)	
	8	24,458					
		2,082,461		2,016,867			
		614,954		614,954			
19,23		(100,293)		(7,975)	_		
540,07	<u>0</u>	616,460	<u> </u>	2,836,053	_	249,555	
253,77	3	9,777,093	4)	(101,254)		705,047	
	1	3,290,701	2	2,104,112		604,368	
9,64		1,279,296	3	1,279,296			
	<u>9)</u>	(1,571,679)			_	(3,215)	
263,41	1	12,775,411	1	3,282,154		1,306,200	
15,680,99	<u> </u>	357,167,776		23,489,829	_	38,546,649	
\$15,944,40	7_	369,943,187	3_\$	26,771,983	\$_	39,852,849	\$

\$ 12,775,411

(235,852)

12,539,559

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			ness-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	
	-	Mary Greeley Medical Center	Electric Utility	Sewer Utility
Cash flows from operating activities:	•	440,000,000,00	47.040.540	4 704 200
Receipts from customers	\$	142,606,069 \$	47,919,549 \$	4,791,309
Payments to suppliers		(58,405,704) (70,892,703)	(34,601,266) (7,411,226)	(1,161,734) (2,018,417)
Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used		(10,092,103)	(1,488,518)	(834,096)
Other receipts		9,383,251	(1,400,510)	(004,030)
Other receipts	-	9,303,231		
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	-	22,690,913	4,418,539	777,062
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		05.504		
Operating grants		65,594		
Costs reimbursed by contract participants				
Transfers in			(4 505 040)	(2.045)
Transfers out	-		(1,565,249)	(3,215)
Net cash provided by (used in)				
noncapital financing activities	-	65,594	(1,565,249)	(3,215)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of bonds				
Principal paid on revenue bond maturities		(1,030,000)	(100,000)	
Principal paid on general obligation bond maturities				
Interest paid and other fiscal charges		(1,056,613)	(35,983)	
Purchases of capital assets		(12,487,756)	(964,609)	(421,364)
Principal paid on notes payable		(27,865)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		71,520		
Restricted donations		24,458		
Capital contributions	-		-	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	-	(14,506,256)	(1,100,592)	(421,364)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of investments		(18,936,521)	(45,686,941)	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		13,214,055	43,944,902	
Interest on investments and pooled cash	-	5,110,530	935,380	228,734
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	(611,936)	(806,659)	228,734

Business-type Activities -

_	En	terp	rise Funds (contin	ued)	
	Water Utility		Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
\$	6,061,737	\$	10,001,831	211,380,495	\$ 11,495,486
	(1,712,880)		(4,282,362)	(100,163,946)	(8,410,098)
	(2,153,203)		(6,347,781)	(88,823,330)	(1,614,927)
	(1,159,444)		(1,152,236)	(4,634,294)	(540,014)
		-		9,383,251	
_	1,036,210	· <u>-</u>	(1,780,548)	27,142,176	930,447
			2.016,867	2.082.461	
			614,954	614,954	
			1,279,296	1,279,296	9,645
	(3,215)		, ,	(1,571,679)	•
		_			
	(3,215)	-	3,911,117	2,405,032	9,645
	502,297			502,297	
	, .			(1,130,000)	
	(19,081)		(450,000)	(469,081)	
	(10,521)		(45,850)	(1,148,967)	
	(1,981,669)		(2,523,305)	(18,378,703)	(592,744)
	•		·	(27,865)	, , ,
			2,025	73,545	122,461
				24,458	
_		_	2,104,112	2,104,112	
_	(1,508,974)	_	(913,018)	(18,450,204)	(470,283)
				(64,623,462)	
				57,158,957	
	263,754		246,171	6,784,569	517,587
_		_			311,301
	263,754	_	246,171	(679,936)	517,587

(continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	-	Mary Greeley Medical Center	Electric Utility	Sewer Utility	
Net change in cash and pooled cash investments		7,638,315	946,039	581,217	
Cash and pooled cash investments at beginning of year	_	5,823,646	1,541,740	4,649,124	
Cash and pooled cash investments at end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	13,461,961 \$	2,487,779 \$	5,230,341	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	8,324,326 \$	4,443,471 \$	(1,125,349)	
Depreciation expense		11,257,625	2,810,585	1,923,889	
Changes in: Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivables Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid items Accounts payable Due to other governments Accrued expenses Due to other funds Claims payable Unearned revenue Customer deposits Landfill postclosure costs Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ =	(270,541) (287,170) (216,491) 989,262 2,893,902 22,690,913 \$	(769,343) 616,618 74,189 (1,257,821) (887) (1,479,547) (219,864) 22,767 153,457 24,914	(447) (2,443) (17,132) (436) 11,672 1,386 (11,764) (2,314)	
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND C Unrealized increases (decreases) in the fair value of investments Noncash capital asset contributions	CAPITAL	_ FINANCING ACTI ¹ (7,618,524) \$_		18,033 582,221	
Capital asset trade-ins		\$ <u></u>	22,995		

Bus	ines	s-typ	e /	\ct	ivities	•	
		_	_				

	Enterp	rise Funds (continu	ed)		
	h44-4	Other			Internal Service
	Water Utility	Enterprise Funds	Totals		Funds
	(212,225)	1,463,722	10,417,068		987,396
-	5,609,290	3,725,214	21,349,014		10,414,657
\$_	5,397,065 \$	5,188,936 \$	31,766,082	\$	11,402,053
\$	455,492 \$	(2,937,307) \$	9,160,633	\$	(286,300)
	1,067,820	1,442,674	18,502,593		932,972
\$ =	(53,020) (1,602) (357,687) (47,239) (425) (41,984) 2,299 11,795 761	77,612 (163,400) (128,615) 7,872 (31) (113,891) (39,505) 70,078 16,544 680 (13,259)	(1,015,739) 449,173 (429,245) (1,584,358) (218,270) (634,488) (255,684) 2,986,778 168,448 680 24,914 (13,259)	\$	79,479 (2,023) (169,736) (9,039) (35,971) 113,916 30,437 14,164 6,907 255,641
\$ \$_	21,023 \$ 604,368	<u>19,739</u> \$	(7,444,575) 1,186,589	\$.	40,920
		\$ ₋	22,995	\$	15,500

(concluded)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$ 222,228
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 37,628 184,600
Total liabilities	\$ 222,228

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Ames, Iowa (City) was incorporated in 1869 under the laws of the State of Iowa, later amended in July 1975 under the Home Rule City Act. The City operates under a council-manager form of government. The accompanying financial statements present the government entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City operates a non-profit municipal hospital, Mary Greeley Medical Center. A separately elected board of trustees governs the municipal hospital's daily operations. The powers of the trustees are established by City ordinance which limits both the separate legal standing and fiscal independence of the hospital, therefore it is included as part of the primary government.

The financial statements are formatted to allow the user to clearly distinguish between the primary government and its component units. The Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation ("Foundation") is a legally separate, component unit of the hospital. It is considered a component unit of the city because the majority of resources or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests are restricted to the activities of the Mary Greeley Medical Center by the donors. The Foundation's financial statements are available from Mary Greeley Medical Center.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, service or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The City has not allocated indirect costs separately in the government-wide statement of activities because the allocation is automatic. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for the individual functions, programs, and activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, other taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the City's main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The debt service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The capital projects fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other fixed assets, with the exception of those that are financed through proprietary fund types.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Mary Greeley Medical Center fund accounts for the operation of a municipally owned, full-service medical care hospital.

The electric utility fund accounts for the operation of a municipally owned electric plant, which generates and distributes electrical power to customers within the City and some contiguous areas.

The sewer utility fund accounts for the activities related to the operation of a sanitary distribution system and the sewer treatment plant.

The water utility fund accounts for the operation of the City owned water plant, which provides water services to residents of the City and some contiguous areas.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for the operations of fleet services and acquisitions, data processing and telecommunications, workers' compensation and general insurance, and health insurance for City employees. These services are provided to other departments and agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Agency funds function as a clearing mechanism for payroll taxes and employee flexible benefits. They apply the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus.

A permanent fund is used to report resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water, sewer, and electric utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council and the Treasurer of the State of Iowa; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; and certain joint investment trusts.

Investments are carried at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Investments in the Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust are valued at amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The City has several nonmajor special revenue funds which have investment interest income and/or net increases (decreases) in fair value which have been assigned to the City's General Fund.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between the internal service funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the non-current portion of interfund loans).

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All utility customer accounts receivable and Mary Greeley Medical Center patient accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property tax receivables are

shown at a gross amount since they are assessable to the property and collectible upon sale of the assessed property.

Property taxes are levied on July 1 prior to the fiscal year for which the taxes are to be collected. They become an enforceable lien against the property when they are officially levied. Property taxes are payable in installments with one-half due September 30 and one-half due March 31. The City recognizes a succeeding year receivable and deferred revenue for taxes levied on July 1 of the current fiscal year that will not be collected until the next fiscal year.

Special assessments receivable are recorded at the time of their levy.

Net patient service revenue of Mary Greeley Medical Center (MGMC) is reported at the estimated net realizable amount from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered. Retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

MGMC provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its financial assistance policy without charge or at amounts less than established rates. Because MGMC does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as financial assistance, they are not reported as net patient service revenue.

Charity care is also provided through reduced price services and free programs offered throughout the year based on activities and services Mary Greeley Medical Center believes will serve a community health need. These activities include health promotion, health education, civic involvement, research activities, community funding, and various health screening programs and are not reflected in the amount reported as charity care in the financial statements.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

City inventories are maintained on a perpetual basis; materials and supplies and medical supplies and drugs are priced at an average cost, while coal is stated at the lower of cost (firstin, first-out) or market. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased (the consumption method of accounting). Houses held for resale are priced at cost.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of Mary Greeley Medical Center are restricted for the repayment of debt service and capital improvements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, traffic signals, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated historical cost or estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in local governments' basic financial statements. Prospective reporting of general infrastructure assets is required beginning at the effective date of Statement 34. The City is required to retroactively report all major general infrastructure assets for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2005 but is encouraged to retroactively report these assets at an earlier date. The City has retroactively reported all major general infrastructure assets at June 30, 2006.

Only major general infrastructure assets are required to be retroactively reported. The GASB defined major general infrastructure assets at the network and subsystem levels as percentages of the total assets from the general fixed asset account group at June 30, 1999. The City has not retroactively capitalized the bike path network as its value was determined to be below that determined by the requirements of Statement 34. Sidewalks belong to the property owners and are maintained by them and are not assets of the City.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. No interest expense was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction in connection with Mary Greeley Medical Center construction projects.

Property, plant and equipment of the City is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Improvements other than buildings	20-40
Buildings	25-45
Plant and distribution system	25-50
Equipment	3-50
General infrastructure	15-50

6. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate vacation and sick leave hours (compensated absences), as well as compensatory time for overtime, for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death, or retirement. There is an estimate for a liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave as employees may receive payment for 25% of accumulated hours in excess of 720 upon retirement only. All vacation, compensatory time, and estimated retirement severance are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest rate method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

State law mandates that annual budgets for funds other than agency, internal service, and permanent funds for the fiscal year beginning July 1 must be certified to the County Auditor no later than March 15, preceding the beginning of the fiscal year.

The review and adoption of an annual budget is handled in accordance with State laws, as there is no City ordinance governing the budget process. Preliminary review of all operating budget requests is conducted by the City Manager at a City government function level. A five-year capital improvements plan is prepared annually. The first-year portion of the plan is

considered as the capital improvements projects budget for the annual budget. The City Manager's budget, considered as a plan of financial operation along with proposed sources of revenues, is presented to the City Council at least six weeks prior to certification. The Council holds hearings with the City Manager, Budget Officer, Department Heads, and Boards and Commissions, as well as a public hearing prior to adopting the budget.

Amendments to the budget are considered twice a year only if revenue sources are available, i.e., unanticipated revenues or budget surpluses. There can be no additional levy of property taxes. The actual amendment process, as prescribed by State law, is identical to the procedures followed for the original budget, including certification. The budgeted amounts presented in the financial statements reflect the original and the revised budget.

Budgets are monitored throughout the fiscal year by function, especially by major classifications such as personal services, capital, contractual, and commodities. Special revenue funds are budgeted at the aggregate fund level. Monthly reports are prepared by function, and major deviations by classification within a function must be approved by the City Manager. The legal level of control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level for all budgeted funds in total. The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information.

The City prepares its budget on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the following exceptions. The enterprise funds do not budget depreciation expense but do budget for debt service expenditures and capital outlay. Internal service funds are not budgeted. Appropriations as adopted or amended lapse at the end of the fiscal year, and encumbrances are reappropriated for the following fiscal year.

Encumbrance accounting is used in governmental funds. Encumbrances, made up of purchase orders and contracts, outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances. They do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored in the subsequent year.

3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The City's deposits at June 30, 2008 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using this method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City of Ames. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the City of Ames under this method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of Iowa enforces strict

standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits. The City of Ames has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

Investments

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Ames by the City of Ames Investment Policy. The Medical Center is guided by Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and policy as approved by the Board of Trustees in the selection of security investments. The City of Ames Investment Policy considers certificates of deposit as investments and all certificates of deposit purchased by the City of Ames are nonnegotiable. However, under GAAP, nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are cash deposits and not investments. The table also identifies certain provisions of the investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

	Operating Funds	Non-Operating Funds	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	Maturity	Of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
U.S. Agency Securities	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Certificates of Deposit	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Prime Banker's Acceptances	270 Days	270 Days	10%	5%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	270 Days	10%	5%
Repurchase Agreements	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Constant Dollar Money Market Funds	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Joint Investment Trust	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Warrants or Improvement Certificates of a Levee or Drainage District	397 Days	7 Years	N/A	N/A
Mutual Funds	NT/A	NT/A	DT/A	3.1/4
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
U. S. Treasury Notes	17 Years	N/A	N/A	N/A
Corporate Debt Securities	N/A	30 Years	N/A	5%

At June 30, 2008, the City's investment balances were as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	\$ 17,241	N/A
Federal Agency Coupon Securities	21,392,499	Various 7/15/2008 thru 2/16/2043
Federal Agency Discount Securities	996,510	8/26/2008
Federal Agency Pass Through Securities	8,763,326	Various 8/1/2008 thru 7/1/2011
U.S. Treasury Notes	7,038,158	Various 5/15/2018 thru 8/15/2023
Mutual Funds	43,982,844	N/A
Corporate Debt Securities	21,449,652	Various 5/15/2008 thru 3/15/2067
Total:	\$103,640,230	

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City of Ames manages exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Investments are purchased with the intent to hold until maturity.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City of Ames' investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City of Ames' investments by maturity:

		12 Months	13 to 24	25 to 60	More Than
Investment Type	Fair Value	Or Less	Months	Months	60 Months
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	\$ 17,241	\$ 17,241			
Federal Agency Coupon Securities	21,392,499	10,248,819	\$ 1,441,315	\$ 1,224,750	\$ 8,477,615
Federal Agency Discount Securities	996,510	996,510			. ,
Federal Agency Pass Through Securities	8,763,326	1,393,909	2,944,900	4,424,517	
U.S. Treasury Notes	7,038,158	2,679,552			4,358,606
Mutual Funds	43,982,844	43,982,844			, ,
Corporate Debt Securities	21,449,652	4,700,989	389,157	4,319,083	12,040,423
Total	\$ 103,640,230	\$ 64,019,864	\$ 4,775,372	\$ 9,968,350	\$ 24,876,644

The City of Ames' investments include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above):

Fair Value

	At Year End
Federal Agency Pass Through Securities. These securities are	
subject to early payment in a period of changing interest rates.	\$ 8,763,326
The resultant reduction in expected total cash flows affects the	
fair value of these securities and makes the fair values of these	
securities highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.	

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The City of Ames will minimize credit risk by using the following measures:

• Limiting investments to those authorized by the investment policy.

- Pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with whom the City will do business.
- Diversifying the investment portfolio by agency and issuer so that potential losses on individual securities can be minimized.
- Holding a minimum of 5% of the total portfolio in highly marketable short-term treasuries, checking with interest, government pooled account, or a combination of all three.

Presented below is the actual rating as of year end for each investment type of the City of Ames investment portfolio.

			Ratings as of
Investment Type			Year End
Iowa Public Agency Investment Trust	\$	17,241	N/A
Federal Agency Coupon Securities	2	1,392,499	AAA
Federal Agency Discount Securities		996,510	AAA
Federal Agency Pass Through Securities	;	8,763,326	AAA
U.S. Treasury Notes	•	7,038,158	N/A
Mutual Funds	4.	3,982,844	N/A
Corporate Debt Securities	2	1,449,652	<baa-aaa< td=""></baa-aaa<>
Tota i	\$ 10.	3,640,230	

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City of Ames provides for limitations approved by City Council on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City of Ames investments are as follows:

				Percent of
Issuer	Investment Type	Rep	orted Amount	Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Securities	\$	9,236,629	8.92%
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities		11,242,757	10.85%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Co.	Federal Agency Securities		9,672,990	9.34%

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City of Ames' investment policy contains requirements that limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments by the following measures:

Delivery vs. Payment-All trades, where applicable, will be executed by delivery vs.
payment (DVP) to ensure that securities are deposited in an eligible financial
institution prior to the release of funds. Securities will be held by a third party
custodian as evidenced by safekeeping receipts.

- Bonding-City investment officials shall be bonded to protect loss of public funds against possible embezzlement and/or malfeasance.
- Internal Controls-The Investment Officer is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City of Ames are protected from loss, theft, or misuse.

The internal controls shall address the following points:

- Control of collusion
- Separation of transaction authority from accounting and record keeping
- Custodial safekeeping
- Delivery versus payment
- Clear delegation of authority
- Confirmation of transactions for investments and wire transfers

As of June 30, 2008, The City of Ames' investments in the following investment types were held by the same third party custodian that was used by the City of Ames to buy the securities and evidenced by safekeeping receipts:

Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount					
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Securities	\$	9,236,629				
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities		11,242,757				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Co.	Federal Agency Securities		9,672,990				

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. As of June 30, 2008, the City of Ames had no exposure to foreign currency rate risk.

Foundation Investments

The Mary Greeley Medical Center Foundation reports under FASB standards. As such, adoption of GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, was not required by the Foundation and, accordingly, no such disclosures are presented here.

Foundation investments at fair value at June 30, 2008 are summarized as follows:

Equity mutual funds	\$	3,955,636
Bond mutual funds		846,593
U.S. Treasury notes		176,985
Government agencies		160,451
Corporate debt securities		4,067,559
Certificates of deposit		550,382
Total investments	_\$	9,757,606

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	10,863,779	\$	119,799			\$	10,983,578
Land improvements		1,384,118						1,384,118
Construction in progress		3,106,865		8,079,806	\$	1,844,860		9,341,811
Public art collection		444,419		1,200				445,619
Library collection	_	2,526,833	_	390,013		447,906	_	2,468,940
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	18,326,014	-	8,590,818	-	2,292,766	-	24,624,066
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings		13,512,853		29,572		6,849		13,535,576
Equipment		13,281,351		1,004,236		394,271		13,891,316
Infrastructure	_	146,025,880		5,665,746		656,031		151,035,595
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	172,820,084	_	6,699,554	_	1,057,151	_	178,462,487
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		6,456,750		336,456		4,795		6,788,411
Equipment		7,584,383		1,034,982		274,505		8,344,860
Infrastructure		53,523,181		5,645,390		656,030		58,512,541
Total accumulated depreciation	_	67,564,314	_	7,016,828	-	935,330		73,645,812
	_				_		_	
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	-	105,255,770	_	(317,274)	-	121,821	_	104,816,675
Governmental activitiles								
capital assets, net	\$_	123,581,784	\$_	8,273,544	\$_	2,414,587	\$_	129,440,741
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	10,019,218		253,967			\$	10,273,185
Construction in progress	•	12,116,430		4,599,521	\$	2,986,710	Ψ	13,729,241
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	22,135,648	-	4,853,488	Ψ-	2,986,710	_	24,002,426
	-	22,100,010	-	1,000,100	_	£,000,110	_	24,002,420
Capital assets being depreciated:		000 000 447		0.400.400		00.000		
Plant and distribution systems		262,992,147		3,402,108		63,896		266,330,359
Buildings		116,061,187		5,414,870		547,059		120,928,998
Improvements other than buildings		2,533,434		283,851		15,094		2,802,191
Equipment	_	90,619,996	_	8,633,804	_	2,850,253	_	96,403,547
Total capital assets being depreciated		472,206,764	-	17,734,633	-	3,476,302	_	486,465,095
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Plant and distribution systems		147,842,435		5,802,294		22,930		153,621,799
Buildings		39,627,752		4,217,274		546,667		43,298,359
Improvements other than buildings		1,311,197		113,179		15,094		1,409,282
Equipment	_	56,097,759	_	8,374,403	_	2,694,780	_	61,777,382
Total accumulated depreciation	_	244,879,143	_	18,507,150	_	3,279,471	_	260,106,822
Total capital assets being								
depreciated, net	_	227,327,621		(772,517)	_	196,831	_	226,358,273
Business-type activitiles								
capital assets, net	\$_	249,463,269	\$_	4,080,971	\$_	3,183,541	\$_	250,360,699

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Community and economic development General government	\$ 427,754 5,924,903 456,933 2,456 204,782
Total depreciation expense governmental activities	\$ 7,016,828
Business-type activities: Mary Greeley Medical Center Electric utility Sewer utility Water utility Storm sewer utility Parking lot Resource Recovery Transit Ames/ISU Ice Arena Homewood golf course	\$ 11,257,625 2,813,406 1,924,326 1,068,280 10,542 14,007 384,758 962,944 63,196 8,066
Total depreciation expense business-type activities	\$ 18,507,150

The City had active construction projects at June 30, 2008. The commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	Spe	ent to Date	demaining Commitment
Street projects	\$	8,194,636	\$ 1,777,580
Sewer projects		130,652	223,650
Park project		65,547	55,391
Aquatic Center project		1,411,244	7,865,136
Water projects		1,605,899	719,642
Electric projects		1,138,333	 1,411,894
Total	\$	12,546,311	\$ 12,053,293

The water projects remaining commitment of \$719,642 will be reduced by at least \$114,000 due to a liquidated damages clause of \$750 per day for each day after July 1, 2008 that the water storage tank project is not completed.

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Individual interfund balances at June 30, 2008 were as follows:

	_						Due From	1					
										Nonmajor	 		
			General fund	Capital Projects	Electric fund		Sewer fund		Water fund	special revenue	Nonmajor enterprise		Internal Service
		Total		•									
Due To:													
Major Funds:													
General fund	\$	1,242,237		\$ 190,137	\$ 177,223	,	26,326	\$	31,125	\$ 747,143	\$ 50,638	\$	19,645
Debt service		233	\$ 233										
Capital projects		66,497		63,249						3,248			
Electric fund		91,954					26,061		28,607	37,286			
Sewer fund		34,964		1,177	13,268				11,539	8,408	572		
Water fund		373,843		356,047	16,967					829			
Nonmajor Funds:													
Nonmajor special revenue		75,191	588				6,416		6,416	55,355	6,416		
Nonmajor enterprise		184,353	18,742	20,864	140,919					3,573			255
Internal service		503,558	247,467	1,379	71,642		25,329		28,603	76,924	49,303		2,911
Permanent fund		5,239	 5,239	 	 	_		_		 	 	_	
Totals	\$	2,578,069	\$ 272,269	\$ 632,853	\$ 420,019 \$;	84,132	\$	106,290	\$ 932,766	\$ 106,929	s	22,811

These balances arise for a variety of reasons, the majority of which are from sales of goods and services and unpaid reimbursable expenses.

Interfund transfers are authorized in the City budget and usually involve transfers from the fund receiving the revenue to the fund through which the authorized expenditure is to be made. An example is the receipt of road use tax funds into the special revenue Road Use Tax Fund and transfer to the Capital Projects Fund where the funds will be spent. Another example is the State requirement that hotel/motel tax funds be receipted into the General Fund where they are then transferred to the special revenue Hotel/Motel Tax Fund for expenditure.

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers by fund type for the year ended June 30, 2008:

			_					Trar	sfer	From				
		Total		General fund		Capital projects		Sewer fund		Water fund		Electric fund		Nonmajor ecial revenue
Transfer To:		IOM												
Major Funds:														
General fund	\$	6,487,717									\$	1,565,249	S	4,922,468
Debt service		428,861			\$	359,889					•	,,000,210	J	68,972
Capital projects		1,304,492	\$	62,173		1,242,319								33,512
Nonmajor Funds:														
Nonmajor special revenue funds		163,309												163,309
Nonmajor enterprise funds		1,279,296		1,259,296										20,000
Internal service funds	_	9,645			_		\$	3,215	_\$	3,215	_			3,215
Totals	\$	9,673,320	\$	1,321,469	_\$	1,602,208	. \$	3,215	\$	3,215	\$	1,565,249	\$	5,177,964

D. Leases and Notes Payable

The City had various leases with third parties for equipment and rental agreements. During the year ended June 30, 2008, \$785,730 was paid. Future minimum payment requirements are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2009	\$ 14,490
2010	14,490
2011	14,490
2012	 12,075
	\$ 55,545

E. Long-Term Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City and pledge the full faith and credit of the City to their repayment. They have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. These bonds are to be fully paid within 10 to 20 years of the date of issue. The City has also issued revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from certain assets or programs to pay the debt service on these bonds.

Debt service on general obligation bonds is paid from the debt service fund. Revenue bond debt service is paid by the responsible enterprise fund. For the year ended June 30, 2008, Mary Greeley Medical Center paid \$2,086,313 in principal and interest on revenue bonds and the Electric Utility Fund paid \$103,000 in revenue bond principal and interest.

Details of bonds payable at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

	Data as		Amount	BB-4: 24	0 4 4 11
	Date of Issue	Interest Rates	Originally Issued	Maturity Date	Outstanding June 30, 2008
General obligation bonds:					
Corporate purpose	6/1998	4.13 - 4.25%	5,130,000	6/2010	850,000
Corporate purpose	6/1999	3.60 - 4.45%	4,045,000	6/2011	1,190,000
Corporate & Ice Arena	7/2000	4.75 - 5.15%	5,870,000	6/2012	2,355,000
Corporate purpose	8/2001	4.00 - 4.70%	10,080,000	6/2013	4,495,000
Fire station	12/2001	2.50 - 4.10%	1,310,000	6/2013	590,000
Ames Quarry	5/2002	4.00 - 5.13%	3,475,000	6/2021	2,655,000
Corporate purpose 2002B	10/2002	2.25 - 3.60%	5,885,000	6/2014	3,170,000
Resource Recovery GO					
refunding 2002C	10/2002	2.50 - 3.50%	3,976,194	6/2010	860,000
Corp & Ada Hayden Park	09/2003	1.10 - 3.70%	6,555,000	6/2015	3,815,000
Corp, Fire & Ada Hayden	10/2004	2.75 - 3.25%	6,030,000	6/2014	3,790,000
Corp, Fire & GO refunding	09/2005	3.50 - 3.65%	5,495,000	6/2017	3,395,000
Corporate purpose 2006	10/2006	4.00%	5,285,000	6/2018	4,645,000
Corporate, Pool & Water	11/2007	3.75 - 4.15%	9,630,000	6/2019	9,385,000
Total general obligation bo	onds				41,195,000_(a)
Revenue bonds:					
Mary Greeley Medical Cente	er:				
2003 Refunding	6/2003	3.00 - 5.00%	29,385,000	6/2022	22,555,000
Total Mary Greeley Medic	al Center reve	enue bonds			22,555,000
Total revenue bonds					<u>22,555,000</u> (b)
Total all bonds					\$ 63,750,000

⁽a) Excludes unamortized premiums of \$33,295 and unamortized charges arising from refunding of \$18,570.

⁽b) Excludes unamortized premiums of \$568,710 and unamortized charges arising from refunding of \$540,801.

As of June 30, 2008, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

Year ending	General Obligation Bonds				
June 30	Principal	Interest			
2009	5,849,953	1,552,306			
2010	5,548,396	1,329,892			
2011	5,311,838	1,111,980			
2012	5,035,280	902,734			
2013	4,558,723	703,434			
2014-2018	11,789,020	1,597,764			
2019-2022	1,760,871	116,286			
Total requirements	\$ 39,854,081	\$ 7,314,396			

Long-term debt amounts above and below are shown without reference to applicable premiums and unamortized costs.

As of June 30, 2008, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

Year ending	(General Obli	gation	Bonds	Revenue Bonds		venue Bonds Tot			otal		
June 30	F	Principal		nterest	Principal	In	terest		Principal		Interest	
2009	\$	470,047	\$	48,134	1,060,000	1	,025,413	\$	1,530,047	\$	1,073,547	
2010		461,604		31,595	1,090,000		993,613		1,551,604		1,025,208	
2011		38,162		15,348	1,340,000		954,863		1,378,162		970,211	
2012		39,720		13,916	1,375,000		912,988		1,414,720		926,904	
2013		41,277		12,427	1,420,000		868,300		1,461,277		880,727	
2014-2018		235,980		37,455	8,190,000	3	,206,500		8,425,980		3,243,955	
2019-2022		54,129		2,030	000,080,8		980,873		8,134,129		982,903	
Total requirements	\$	1,340,919	\$	160,905	\$ 22,555,000	\$ 8	,942,550	\$	23,895,919	\$	9,103,455	

The following is a summary of long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: General obligation bonds Employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 36,355,000 1,638,644	\$ 9,130,000 399,989 1,802	\$ (5,630,919) (294,278)	\$ 39,854,081 1,744,355 1,802	\$ 5,849,953 5,659
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 37,993,644	\$ 9,529,989	\$ (5,925,197)	\$ 41,598,436	\$ 5,855,612
Business-Type Activities: Revenue bonds General obligation bonds Employee benefits	\$ 23,685,000 1,310,000 9,165,462	500,000 10.471,261	\$ (1,130,000) (469,081) (8,640,840)	\$ 22,555,000 1,340,919 10,995,883	\$ 1,060,000 470,047 9.855,457
Post-employment benefits Notes payable Landfill postclosure costs	27,865 551,885	760,408	(27,865) (13,259)	760,408 538,626	16,141
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 34,740,212	\$ 11,731,669	\$ (10,281,045)	\$ 36,190,836	\$ 11,401,645

Typically long-term liabilities of the governmental funds, other than debt, are liquidated by the General Fund.

On October 23, 2007, the City issued \$9,630,000 of general obligation corporate purpose bonds dated November 1, 2007. The proceeds are to be used for the cost of construction, reconstruction and repair of streets and storm sewers in the City, water fund projects, and construction of an aquatic complex.

The true interest cost on the bonds is 3.670978% and the maturity dates on the bonds range from June 1, 2008 through June 1, 2019. Debt service payments are scheduled semiannually at amounts that range from \$19,781 to \$1,074,781. The bonds maturing in the year June 1, 2016 and thereafter are subject to prior redemption on June 1, 2015 and any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The City had three outstanding contracts between the Iowa Department of Economic Development (IDED) and city business entities for Community Economic Betterment Account (CEBA) loans at June 30, 2008. Although the notes bear the name of the City, the City has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by the business entity upon whose behalf it is issued. Accordingly, the loans are not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

F. Restricted Net Assets

The amounts of net assets restricted for payment of debt service in the enterprise funds are as follows:

Mary Greeley Medical Center

\$ 1,582,837

4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains a risk management fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. The risk management fund provides workers' compensation coverage for all City employees and funds the deductible for general liability insurance. Commercial insurance is purchased for all other risks of loss.

All funds of the City participate in the workers' compensation insurance program and make payments to the risk management fund based on a charge against employee payroll per \$100. The charge is calculated using the Iowa manual compensation rates and an experience rating. The risk management fund pays all workers' compensation claims, claim reserves, the

deductible for general liability insurance and administrative costs from its revenues and holds excess revenues for reserve against future claims.

The City is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 563 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses, and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 200 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as disbursements from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The City's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2008 were \$402,379.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$10,000,000, such excess coverage is also retained. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$100,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured on an individual-member basis.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2008, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the Pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all claims and claims expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

The City also carries commercial insurance purchased from other insurers for coverage associated with property (buildings and contents) and boiler and machinery coverage. The City assumes liability for any deductibles, and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Changes in the balance of claims liabilities during the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

	2008		2007
Balance at July 1 Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 220,994 730,180 (474,539)	\$	289,678 657,867 (726,551)
Balance at June 30	\$ 476,635	_\$_	220,994

The City maintains a separate internal service fund to account for health benefits, becoming self-insured for medical claims effective July 1, 2000. The City carries excess health insurance through the risk pool of Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Iowa in the amount of \$75,000 for specific claims each year and 125% of aggregate claims. The estimated liability for probable losses as recorded in the health benefits fund was:

	2008	2007
Balance at July 1 Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 450,000 4,490,361 (4,490,361)	\$ 450,000 4,370,013 (4,370,013)
Balance at June 30	\$ 450,000	\$ 450,000

The Mary Greeley Medical Center carries professional liability insurance on a claims-made policy. Should the claims-made policy not be renewed or replaced with equivalent insurance, claims based on occurrences during its term, but reported subsequently, would be uninsured. Mary Greeley has accrued \$262,085 for professional liability claims that are incurred but not reported as of June 30, 2008.

The Medical Center is self-insured for health care coverage of employees and carries stop-loss insurance coverage for claims in excess of \$175,000 with a maximum aggregate limit of \$1,000,000. Accrued costs related to health care coverage amounted to \$712,173 at June 30, 2008.

As of April 1, 2007 Mary Greeley Medical Center became self-insured for workers' compensation coverage. Stop-loss insurance for claims in excess of \$300,000 per individual claim with a maximum aggregated limit of \$1,000,000 is carried by the medical center.

Changes in the balance of accrued claims for professional liabilities and health care coverage for the years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, and changes in the balance of accrued claims for workers' compensation coverage from April 1, 2007 through June 30, 2008 for Mary Greeley Medical Center were as follows:

	Professional Liabilities	Health Care	Workers' Compensation		
Balance at July 1 Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	2008 2007 \$ 253,372 \$ 288,173 33,608 (27,487) (24,895) (7,314)	2008 2007 \$ 803,300 \$ 853,700 7,575,009 5,481,624 (7,666,136) (5,532,024)	2008 2007 \$ 25,642 \$ - 211,561 31,229 (144,229) (5,587)		
Balance at June 30	\$ 262,085 \$ 253,372	\$ 712,173 \$ 803,300	\$ 92,974 \$ 25,642		

B. Subsequent Events

On September 23, 2008, the City issued \$8,355,000 of general obligation corporate purpose bonds dated October 15, 2008. Proceeds to be used for the cost of construction, reconstruction and repair of streets and storm sewers in the City total \$485,000; \$2,530,000 will be used for water projects and abated by the water fund; the balance of \$5,340,000 is to be used for construction of an outdoor aquatic center approved by a vote of the citizens.

The true interest cost on the bonds is 3.783% and the maturity dates on the bonds range from June 1, 2009 through June 1, 2020. Debt service payments are scheduled semiannually at amounts that range from \$18,156 to \$893,156. The bonds maturing in the year June 1, 2017 and thereafter are subject to prior redemption on June 1, 2016 and any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

C. Contingent Liabilities

The City legal department reported to management that, as of June 30, 2008, claims and lawsuits were on file against the City. The City legal department estimates that the potential claims not covered by insurance resulting from these cases would not materially affect the financial position of the City. The City has authority to levy additional taxes (outside the regular limit) to cover cases which result in an uninsured judgment.

The City participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. The programs are subject to financial and compliance audits. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be

disallowed by the granting agencies is not determinable at this time; however, City officials do not believe that such amounts would be significant.

The health care industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state and local governments. Compliance with these laws and regulations can be subject to government review and interpretation, as well as regulatory actions unknown and unasserted at this time. Recently, government activity has increased with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of regulations by health care providers which could result in the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments of previously billed and collected revenues of patient services. Management of the Mary Greeley Medical Center believes that the Mary Greeley Medical Center is in substantial compliance with current laws and regulations.

The Mary Greeley Medical Center is involved in litigation and regulatory audits arising in the normal course of business. It is management's opinion that these matters will be resolved without material adverse effect on the Mary Greeley Medical Center's financial position or results of activities.

D. Landfill Postclosure Care Costs

The City stopped accepting solid waste at the landfill effective June 30, 1992 and has been in the process of closing the landfill since that time.

Federal and State of Iowa laws and regulations establish landfill closure and postclosure care requirements. The State of Iowa specifies financial assurance requirements in Code Section 567-Chapter 111. The Iowa code enumerated various allowable financial assurance mechanisms to meet the costs of closure and postclosure care. The City satisfies this requirement with its rating on its most recent bond issues.

The liability for postclosure care costs is based on 100% of the landfill capacity used to date with no remaining life. The estimated liability for postclosure care costs was adjusted in 2006 to a new estimate of future costs using current inflation figures and has a balance of \$538,626 at June 30, 2008.

The City's written landfill postclosure plan includes estimates of costs of all equipment and services required to monitor and maintain the closed landfill. It anticipates that future costs will be subject to inflation and there may be additional requirements added over time. Unanticipated future inflation costs and costs that might arise from changes in postclosure requirements may require adjustment of the liability in future years.

E. Net Patient Service Revenue

As a provider of health care services, Mary Greeley Medical Center has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payment of services at amounts different from established rates. The basis for payment varies by payor and includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and retroactively determined cost-based rates. Approximately 95 percent of gross patient charges determined at established rates for the year ended June 30, 2008 resulted from patients covered by these third-party reimbursement

programs. Significant changes have been made and may be made in certain of these programs which could have a material adverse impact on the financial condition of the Medical Center in future years.

The following summarizes the differences between gross patient service revenue determined at established rates and net patient service revenue:

	2008
Gross patient service revenue, at established rates	\$ 317,207,991
Deductions:	
Medicare program	(103,003,780)
Medicaid program	(11,814,731)
Blue Cross	(42,316,418)
Other payors	(11,826,862)
Bad debt expense	 (4,945,415)
Net patient service revenue	\$ 143,300,785

F. Pension and Retirement Systems

The City of Ames is a participating employer in two multiple-employer, cost-sharing public employees retirement systems; Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) and Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI). These plans are administered by outside trustees and are not included in the City's financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Iowa Public Employees Retirement System

Plan Description and Provisions – The City is a participating employer in the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a multiple-employer, cost sharing public employees' retirement system designed as a supplement to Social Security.

All employees earning in excess of \$300 per quarter who do not participate in any other public retirement system in the State are eligible and must participate in IPERS. The pension plan provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute.

Funding Information – The Plan is administered by the State of Iowa and the City's responsibility is limited to payment of contributions. During the year ended June 30, 2008, State statute required contributions of 3.90 percent by the employee and 6.05 percent by the employer. Contributions increased to 4.1% for employees and 6.35% for employers effective July 1, 2008. Additional combined increases of .50% per year will occur through July 1, 2010 when the required contribution rates will be 4.5% for employees and 6.95% for employers.

Historical trend information showing IPERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in its annual report. This report is available from IPERS, P. O.

Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306. IPERS does not invest in obligations of the State of Iowa or its political subdivisions.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended June 30	Amount Required	Percentage Contributed
2006	\$3,445,078	100%
2007	3,680,401	100%
2008	4,137,527	100%

Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa

Plan Description and Provisions – The Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa (MFPRSI) was created under Chapter 411.35 of the Code of Iowa to replace the separate fire and police retirement systems of 49 cities in Iowa, including the City's separate fire and police retirement systems. MFPRSI is the administrator of a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan for the exclusive benefit of eligible employees (all full-time firefighters and all sworn officers of the police department) of participating cities. It is governed by a nine-member board of trustees, eight of whom are appointed by member associations and the Iowa League of Cities. These members in turn appoint a citizen member. There are also four members of the Iowa Legislature who serve in an ex-officio capacity. The City's responsibility is limited to payments of contributions.

Funding Information – Member contribution rates are established by State statute. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, members contributed 9.35 percent of earnable compensation. The employer's contribution rate is based upon an actuarially determined normal contribution rate. The normal contribution rate is provided by State statute to be the actuarial liabilities of the plan less current plan assets, the total then being divided by one percent of the actuarially determined present value of the prospective future compensation of all members, further reduced by member contributions. Legislatively appropriated contributions from the State may further reduce the employer's contribution rate. However, the employer's contribution rate cannot be less than 17 percent of earnable compensation. Benefits include disability and death benefits. Effective July 1, 2007 the City mandated minimum contribution decreased to 25.48%. A scheduled decrease will occur on July 1, 2008 to 18.75%.

For the year ended June 30, 2008, the City's contribution was 25.48 percent of the earnable compensation of each member.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended June 30	Amount Required	Percentage Contributed
2006	\$1,452,990	100%
2007	1,467,354	100%
2008	1,412,973	100%

Historical trend information showing MFPRSI progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in its annual report. This report is available from Municipal Fire and Police Retirement System of Iowa, 2836 104th Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50322. MFPRSI does not invest in obligations of the State of Iowa or its political subdivisions.

City of Ames Municipal Utility Retirement Plan

The City of Ames Municipal Utility Retirement Plan was adopted September 30, 1997 by resolution of the City Council. It is a sole-employer, defined contribution plan intended to qualify under Sections 401(a), 414(h), and 501(a) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. The plan is authorized by City ordinance and can be amended by the plan administrator through a resolution of the City Council.

Members of the plan are employees of the City who regularly receive, or are expected to regularly receive, more than 10% of their compensation from a utility fund of the City, except persons employed to work at the A.O. Chantland Resource Recovery Plant. There were 144 active and fully vested participants, 7 terminated participants, 6 retired participants, and 5 other participants in the plan at June 30, 2008.

The purpose of the plan is to provide retirement benefits for participants through self-directed individual accounts which are fully and immediately vested and nonforfeitable at all times.

Participants (or their beneficiaries in the event of the participant's death) are entitled to receive a benefit equal to their vested account at retirement, death or termination of employment.

Participants are required to contribute 5.4% of their compensation and the employer is required to contribute 7.93% of the employees' compensation. An eligible employee may make voluntary (unmatched) contributions under the plan for any plan year in any amount up to 10% of the employee's compensation for such year.

The plan uses the accrual basis of accounting and presents plan assets at their fair value. The fair value of the plan's assets at June 30, 2008 was \$24,909,845. Employee contributions to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$452,546 and employer contributions were \$664,571.

G. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, as amended on August 20, 1996. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Effective July 1, 1998, the deferred compensation is held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants (or their beneficiaries in the event of the participant's death) until termination, retirement, death, or an unforeseeable emergency. The City provides neither administrative service to the plan nor investment advice for the plan.

H. Related-Party Transactions

Effective February 12, 2003, the Medical Center entered into a joint venture with McFarland Clinic, P.C. to form a joint venture company, Health Ventures of Central Iowa, LLC (the "joint venture"). The Medical Center uses the equity method of accounting for joint ventures in which it has the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies of

the investee. The Medical Center owns 50% of the joint venture. Financial statements of the joint venture are available at Mary Greeley Medical Center.

Included in the MGMC fund financial statements is approximately \$398,000 due to the joint venture at June 30, 2008. Included in the revenues of MGMC is approximately \$4,723,000 in supplies and services sold to the joint venture and operating expenses of approximately \$7,900,000 in purchased services received from the joint venture as of June 30, 2008.

I. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Descriptions and Funding Policy

The City and MGMC (the Medical Center) sponsor single-employer health care plans that provide self-insured medical and prescription drug coverage to all active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. The Medical Center also provides a life insurance benefit to retired employees. Employees must be a minimum of 55 years old, have been employed for the preceding four years, and currently be enrolled in a sponsored health insurance plan at the time of retirement. Benefits terminate upon attaining Medicare eligibility.

Eligible retirees receive health care coverage through the same plans that are available for active employees. The Medical Center also provides a flat \$2,500 life insurance benefit to eligible retired employees.

Contributions are required for both retiree and dependent coverage. The retiree contributions are based on and equal to the historical full cost of active members. Retiree expenses are then offset by monthly contributions.

Funding Policy

The City and MGMC, with assistance from their third-party administrators, establish and amend contribution requirements for both active and retiree members on an annual basis. The current funding policy is to pay health claims as they occur. This arrangement does not quality as OPEB plan assets under GASB for current GASB reporting.

The required contribution is based on pay-as-you-go financing. For fiscal year 2008 the City contributed \$130,975 and retirees receiving benefits contributed \$257,994 through their required contributions. The Medical Center contributed approximately \$157,000 and their retirees receiving benefits contributed approximately \$98,000 through required contributions.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's and MGMC's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. Fiscal year 2008 is the year of implementation for GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The

following schedule shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plans, and changes in the net OPEB obligation.

	City of Ames	MGMC	Total
Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 134,185	\$ 916,000	\$ 1,050,185
Annual OPEB cost/expense Contributions and payments made	 134,185 130,975	 916,000 157,000	 1,050,185 287,975
Increase in net OPEB obligation	3,210	759,000	762,210
Net OPEB obligation, July 1, 2007 Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2008	\$ 3,210	\$ 759,000	\$ 762,210

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year 2008:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2008	1,050,185	27.4%	762,210

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2006 and July 1, 2007, the most recent actuarial valuation dates, the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) for benefits was \$7,995,306. The City's and MGMC's plans are considered to be unfunded since there are no assets and retiree benefits are paid annually on a cash basis. Because the plans are unfunded, the AAL and UAAL are equal. The covered payrolls (fiscal year payroll of active employees covered by the plans) were \$80,041,111, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payrolls was 9.99%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. A schedule of funding progress, which is required to be presented as supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, will be included in future financial statements when multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits is available.

Actuarial methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2006 actuarial valuation, entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% discount rate assuming funding on a pay as you go basis and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9% initially, decreasing 1.0 percent per year until reaching an ultimate rate of 4 percent.

In the July 1, 2007 actuarial valuation for MGMC, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5% of investment rate of return and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 11% initially, decreasing .5 percent per year until reaching an ultimate rate of 6 percent.

The amortization of the UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls over a thirty year time period.

J. Restatement of Fund Balances

The beginning fund balances of the Local Option Tax, Housing Assistance, CDBG, and Economic Development & Loans special revenue funds were restated to reflect corrections of loans receivable which were inadvertently recorded as expenditures and revenues in prior years.

		Local Option Tax	Housing Assistance	CDBG	Dev	conomic relopment Loans		Total
Fund balances as of June 30, 2007	\$	3,502,625 \$	798,858 \$	340,786	\$	707,614	5	5,349,883
Restatement for loans receivable	_	13,153	169,743	37,390		118,723	_	339,009
Fund balances as restated at June 30, 2007	\$_	3,515,778 \$	968,601	378,176	\$	826,337	5 <u> </u>	5,688,892

K. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions and GASB Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27 during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

In November of 2007, GASB issued Statement No. 52 Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments to establish consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments. The City will implement this statement in their fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, issued June, 2008, will be effective for the City beginning with its year ending June 30, 2010. This statement will improve how state and local governments report information about derivative instruments in their financial statements. The City has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Ames Residents **DO** Have Recycling

Not a Traditional Curbside Program

Glass Recycling At Area Grocery Stores

Since 1975, Ames has been converting garbage into energy. That is Smart Trash! The Arnold O. Chantland Resource Recovery Plant (RRP) was the first municipally operated waste-to-energy facility in the nation. The plant receives garbage, recovers reusable metals, and creates refuse-derived fuel to burn in the Power Plant. Since glass doesn't burn, Ames residents are encouraged to drop glass at yellow recycling bins located in the parking lots of area grocery stores.

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Governmental Funds Actual	Proprietary Funds Actual		Total Actual		Original Budget		Final Budget		Final to Actual Variance
Revenues & other financing sources:											
Taxes levied on property	\$	20,044,970		\$	20,044,970	\$	20,115,841	\$		\$	(70,871)
Other City taxes		7,100,254			7,100,254		7,200,203		7,126,343		(26,089)
Licenses & permits		1,083,017 \$			1,101,000		1,177,297		1,100,970		30
Use of money and property		1,959,173	312,072		2,271,245		8,581,576		9,741,246		(7,470,001)
Intergovernmental		8,271,706	7,537,645		15,809,351		17,655,899		20,242,204		(4,432,853)
Charges for services		3,102,152	217,071,656		220,173,808		220,909,287		216,974,766		3,199,042
Special assessments		130,343			130,343		140,000		140,000		(9,657)
Miscellaneous		2,803,714	1,475,030		4,278,744		1,712,818		4,907,010		(628,266)
Other financing sources	_	19,327,381	2,496,452		21,823,833		16,785,098		21,953,390	_	(129,557)
Total revenues and other sources.	_	63,822,710	228,910,838		292,733,548		294,278,019		302,301,770	_	(9,568,222)
Expenditures & other financing uses:											
Public safety		12,955,867			12,955,867		12,755,884		13,170,673		214,806
Public works		4.775.317			4,775,317		4.646.270		4,723,883		(51,434)
Health and social services		1.033.783			1,033,783		1,052,538		1,090,753		56,970
Culture and recreation		6,342,039			6.342.039		6,100,286		6.387.997		45.958
Community and economic development		3,091,610			3,091,610		4,329,120		4,812,407		1,720,797
General government		2,239,418			2,239,418		2,306,316		2,586,919		347,501
Debt service		7,776,642			7,776,642		8,022,578		7,776,642		047,001
Capital projects		11,429,517			11,429,517		16,350,793		24,742,118		13,312,601
Total government activities expenditures	-	49,644,193		-	49,644,193		55,563,785		65,291,392	_	15,647,199
Business type/enterprises		,,	202,302,547		202,302,547		220,046,447		222,491,011		20,188,464
Total government activities & business	-			-				•			20,100,101
expenditures		49,644,193	202,302,547		251,946,740		275,610,232		287,782,403		35,835,663
Transfers out		9,274,410	2,835,113		12,109,523		10,105,898		12,081,922		(27,601)
Total expenditures/transfers out	_	58,918,603	205,137,660	-	264,056,263		285,716,130		299,864,325	_	35,808,062
Excess revenues & other sources over											
(under) expenditures/transfers out		4,904,107	23,773,178		28,677,285		0 504 000		0 427 445		00 000 040
(under) experiorures/iransiers out		4,804,107	23,713,170		20,011,280		8,561,889		2,437,445		26,239,840
Beginning fund balance July 1	_	32,505,240	297,918,959	-	330,424,199		330,424,199		330,424,199	_	
Ending fund balance June 30	\$_	37,409,347	321,692,137	\$_	359,101,484	\$.	338,986,088	\$	332,861,644	\$_	26,239,840

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

BUDGET TO GAAP RECONCILIATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Gov	vernmental Funds		Proprietary Funds						
	-	Budget Basis	Adjustments	Modified Accrual Basis	Budget Basis	Adjustments	Accrual Basis				
Revenues & other financing sources	\$	63,822,710 \$	(930,303) \$	62,892,407	\$ 228,910,838 \$	(311,441) \$	228,599,397				
Expenditures & other financing uses	_	58,918,603	(1,437,996)	57,480,607	205,137,660	10,686,326	215,823,986				
Excess revenues & other sources over (under) expenditures & other uses		4,904,107	507,693	5,411,800	23,773,178	(10,997,767)	12,775,411				
Beginning fund balances Restatement of fund balances	_	32,505,240	(4,699,979) 339,009	27,805,261 339,009	297,918,959	59,248,817	357,167,776				
Beginning fund balances as restated	_	32,505,240	(4,360,970)	28,144,270	297,918,959	59,248,817	357,167,776				
Ending fund balances	\$_	37,409,347 \$	(3,853,277) \$	33,556,070	\$ <u>321,692,137</u> \$	48,251,050 \$	369,943,187				

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

1. Budgetary Reporting

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the modified accrual basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Encumbrances are not recognized on the budget basis and appropriations lapse at year end.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon 9 major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These 9 functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects and business type activities. Function expenditures required to be budgeted include expenditures for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund, and Enterprise Funds. Although the budget document presents function expenditures by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund.

The City's expenditures in the public works function exceeded the final budgeted amount by \$51,434. These expenditures were for unanticipated repairs due to flooding that occurred late in May after the final budget amendment was submitted to the State.

During the year, two budget amendments increased budgeted expenditures by \$12,172,171. These budget amendments are reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that have various purpose restrictions or designations or are segregated for particular expenditure reasons.

Local Option Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the funds generated by the voter approved 1% local option sales tax; 60% is used for propterty tax relief and 40% for community betterment.

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the funds generated through the imposition of a hotel/motel tax. Proceeds are used for community betterment and economic development.

Leased Housing Fund and Housing Assistance Fund - These funds are used to account for the operations of a federal low-income housing project and other grant funded housing assistance programs.

Road Use Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for the City's share of state gasoline taxes received on a per capita basis. State law requires use for any purpose relating to the construction or maintenance of public streets.

Bike Licenses - This fund is used to account for funds generated by the sale of bike licenses.

Police Forfeiture & Grants - This fund is used to account for funds generated from the forfeiture of property as a result of criminal activities and government grants received for law enforcement related costs.

TIF Fund - This fund is used to account for tax increment financing revenues on abated debt.

Employee Benefit Property Tax Fund - This fund is used to account for tax revenues used to pay the City's share of selected employee benefits.

Police & Fire 411 - This fund is used to account for the funds remaining from the transfer to the state-wide MFPRSI. They can only be used to offset future City contributions to the retirement system.

Parks & Recreation Programs - This fund is used to account for revenues used for specific park and recreation programs and improvements.

CDBG - This fund is used to account for funds received from HUD to be used according to our Community Development Block Grant program.

Donation Funds - These funds are used to account for various donations received by the City to be used for specific purposes and activities including Project Share.

Developers' Projects - These funds are used to account for funds received from developers to be used for City infrastructure.

Economic Development & Loans - This fund is used to account for funds from block grants and funds to be loaned to businesses to increase development in the City.

Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to report resources that are leally restricted to the extent that only the earnings, not the principal, may be used for purposes that support the City's programs.

Perpetual Care Fund - This fund is used to account for principal amounts received for perpetual care. The interest on these funds is recorded in the general fund for use to maintain the cemeteries.

Furman Aquatic Center Endowment – This fund is used for a \$1,000,000 donation to cover future operating expenses of the aquatic center.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

JUNE 30, 2008				Perm		Total		
ASSETS		Special Revenue Funds		Perpetual Care		Furman Aquatic Center Endowment	-	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and pooled cash investments Taxes receivable	\$	16,288,596 17,431	\$	840,553	\$	1,015,493	\$	18,144,642 17,431
Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Intergovernmental receivables		130,507 54,482 1,790,794		114		7,609		130,621 62,091 1,790,794
Loans receivable Due from other funds Inventories		68,279 75,191 124,267		5,239				68,279 80,430 124,267
Houses held for resale Prepaid items		236,944 3,324						236,944 3,324
Succeeding year taxes receivable Long-term loans receivable	_	956,491 224,502	. <u>-</u>					956,491 224,502
Total assets	\$_	19,970,808	\$_	845,906	\$ <u>_</u>	1,023,102	\$	21,839,816
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	644,457					\$	644,457
Retainage payable Interest payable Due to other governments		60,715 22						60,715 22
Compensation and payroll taxes Due to other funds		16,597 52,785 932,766						16,597 52,785 932,766
Deferred revenue Succeeding year unearned revenue		285,113 956,491						285,113 956,491
Customer deposits Total liabilities	_	91,857 3,040,803	_		· -			91,857 3,040,803
Fund balances: Reserved for:								
Encumbrances Perpetual care Furman Aquatic Contor and aumont		834,211	\$	845,906	•	4 000 000		834,211 845,906
Furman Aquatic Center endowment Inventories Houses held for resale		124,26 7 236,944			\$	1,000,000		1,000,000 124,267 236,944
Long-term loans receivable Prepaid items		224,502 3,324						224,502 3,324
State and grant restricted purpose Donor restricted purposes Unreserved: Unreserved, designated for		2,267,508 1,000,000				23,102		2,267,508 1,023,102
subsequent year's expenditures Unreserved, reported in nonmajor		2,415,492						2,415,492
special revenue funds Total fund balances	_	9,823,757 16,930,005	_	845,906	- -	1,023,102	· -	9,823,757 18,799,013
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	19,970,808	\$	845,906	\$_	1,023,102	\$_	21,839,816

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Perma		Total		
		Special Revenue Funds	Perpetual Care		Furman Aquatic Center Endowment		Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	1,293,042				\$	1,293,042
Intergovernmental		13,149,846					13,149,846
Charges for services		199,330 \$	17,568				216,898
Donations		2,176,317		\$	1,000,000		3,176,317
Investment earnings		339,859			23,102		362,961
Miscellaneous	_	14,440	12,372	_		_	26,812
Total revenues	_	17,172,834	29,940	_	1,023,102	_	18,225,876
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety		155,626					155,626
Public works		3,542,649					3,542,649
Health and social services		893,695					893,695
Culture and recreation		421,589					421,589
Community and economic development		2,602,521					2,602,521
General government		112,743					112,743
Capital projects	_	2,063,799		-		_	2,063,799
Total expenditures	_	9,792,622				_	9,792,622
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	7,380,212	29,940	_	1,023,102	_	8,433,254
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		163,309					163,309
Transfers out		(5,177,964)					(5,177,964)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(5,014,655)		_		_	(5,014,655
Net change in fund balance		2,365,557	29,940		1,023,102		3,418,599
Fund balances at beginning of year		14,225,439	815,966				15,041,405
Restatement of fund balances		339,009		_			339,009
Beginning fund balances as restated	_	14,564,448	815,966	_		_	15,380,414
Fund balances at end of year	\$	16,930,005 \$	845,906	\$	1,023,102	\$	18,799,013

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS		Local Option Tax		Hotel/ Motel Tax		Leased Housing		Road Use Tax	Bike Licenses
Cash and pooled cash investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Accrued interest	\$	3,624,693	\$	6 478,027	\$	412,086 4,345	\$	3,177,292 \$	18,305
receivable Intergovernmental receivables Loans receivable Due from other funds Inventories		994,017 3,003		283,023		397		348,39 9 58,233 124,267	
Houses held for resale Prepaid items Succeeding year taxes receivable Long-term loans receivable	_		_		_	2,329			
Total assets	\$_	4,621,713	_ =	761,050	_\$	419,157	\$_	3,708,191 \$	18,305
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainage payable Interest payable	\$	102,906 4,344	\$	54,564	\$	151 22	\$	445,692 52,921	
Due to other governments Compensation and		15,108						166	
payroll taxes Due to other funds Deferred revenue Succeeding year unearned revenue Customer deposits	_	2,711 597,401	_	11 495 283,023		322 1,213		45,370 149,393	
Total liabilities	_	722,470		338,093		1,708	_	693,542	
Fund balances: Reserved for: Encumbrances Inventories Houses held for resale		92,213		9,520				520,787 124,267	
Long-term loans receivable Prepaid items						2,329			
State and grant restricted purposes Donor restricted purposes Unreserved, designated for						415,120			
subsequent year's expenditures		460,442		25,236				915,224	
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor special revenue funds		3,346,588		388,201			_	1,454,371 \$	18,305
Total fund balances	_	3,899,243		422,957		417,449	_	3,014,649	18,305
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	4,621,713	\$	761,050	\$_	419,157	\$_	3,708,191 \$	18,305

	Police Forfeiture & Grants		Housing Assistance		TIF		Employee Benefit Property Tax		Police & Fire 411		Parks & Recreation Programs
\$	46,363	\$	820,116	\$	159,688		47.404	\$	1,672,753	\$	3,117,938
			6,677			\$	17,431				1
	13,824		4,304		1,196				12,527		23,481
	61		24,106 409								100
							956,491				
_			122,718	- –		. <u>-</u>				-	
\$_	60,248	\$_	978,330	·\$	160,884	\$ _	973,922	_\$_	1,685,280	\$ =	3,141,520
		\$	3							\$	36,912 3,450
\$	1,279										
	1,540		6								
			24			\$	17,431	\$	914		100
							956,491				
_	2,819	_	33	_			973,922		914	_	40,462
			880								209,931
			122,718								
				\$	160,884				1,684,366		
			4.074								1,000,000
	E7 400		1,674								1,010,000
	57,429 57,429	-	853,025 978,297		160,884	_		_	1 694 202	-	881,127
<u> </u>	60,248	_ s	978,330		160,884	 t	072 022	<u> </u>	1,684,366		3,101,058
-	00,240	" =	510,330	"	100,004	" —	973,922	³=	1,685,280	* =	3,141,520

(continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS		Library Donations		Project Share	Police & Fire Donations		CDBG		Animal Shelter Donations	
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	1,492,213	s	6,539 \$	3,051	s	11,944	s	113,585	\$
Taxes receivable	•	1,102,210	•		0,00.	•	,	•	(10,000	*
Accounts receivable Accrued interest		3,459		805			104,258		2,740	
receivable		11,281							848	
Intergovernmental receivables		2,230					0.450			
Loans receivable Due from other funds		15,991					3,158			
Inventories		10,001								
Houses held for resale		000					236,944		20-	
Prepaid items Succeeding year taxes receivable		600							395	
Long-term loans receivable	_		_			_	31,200			
Total assets	\$_	1,525,774	\$	7,344 \$	3,051	\$	387,504	\$=	117,568	\$
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	1,012				\$	1,859	\$	65	
Retainage payable Interest payable										
Due to other										
governments							44			
Compensation and payroll taxes		1,847					978			
Due to other funds		15,972	\$	206			592			
Deferred revenue										
Succeeding year unearned revenue										
Customer deposits	_					_	12,420	_		
Total liabilities	_	18,831	_	206		_	15,893		65	
Fund balances:										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances Inventories							880			
Houses held for resale							236,944			
Long-term loans receivable		222					31,200			
Prepaid items State statute		600							395	
restricted purposes				7,138						
Donor restricted purposes Unreserved, designated for										
subsequent year's expenditures							2,916			
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor		4 500 040		_						
special revenue funds	_	1,506,343	_	\$_	3,051	_	99,671	_	117,108	\$
Total fund balances		1,506,943		7,138	3,051	_	371,611		117,503	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	1,525,774	<u> </u>	7,344 \$	3,051	\$ <u></u>	387,504	\$_	117,568	\$

Public Art Donations		Developers' Projects		Economic Development & Loans		FEMA		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
5,216	\$	400,002	\$	728,785		(\$	16,288,596 17,431
				8,222				130,507
39		806		38,012	\$	149,301		54,482 1,790,794 68,279 75,191 124,267 236,944 3,324
				70,584				956,491 224,502
5,255	 \$	400,808	- \$	845,603	- — s	149,301	 \$	19,970,808
			\$	1,293		\$	\$	644,457 60,715 22 16,597
				2,090	\$	149,025		52,785 932,766 285,113 956,491
	\$_	79,437	_				_	91,857
	. <u>-</u>	79,437		3,383		149,025		3,040,803
				70,584				834,211 124,267 236,944 224,502 3,324
								2,267,508 1,000,000
5,255		201 271		771 626		276		2,415,492
5,255	_	321,371 321,371	_	771,636 842,220	_	276 276		9,823,757
5,255		400,808	_ \$	845,603	\$	149,301 \$	_	19,970,808
0,200	*=	700,000	*=	<u></u>	*=	170,001	_	10,010,000

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Local Option Tax		Hotel/ Motel Tax	Leased Housing	Road Use Tax	Bike Licenses
Revenues:						
Taxes						
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,916,4	18 \$	1,106,797 \$		4,346,879	
Charges for services				4,544		
Donations				0.477		
Investment earnings	2	50		9,477		
Miscellaneous						
Total revenues	5,916,6	68	1,106,797	1,151,224	4,346,879	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety						
Public works	27,3	28			3,331,476	
Health and social services	893,6				,	
Culture and recreation	294,3	93	4,086			
Community and economic development			978,923	988,096		
General government	25,7	24	657		75,061	
Capital projects	700,9	09	4,840		1,128,513	
Total expenditures	1,942,0	49	988,506	988,096	4,535,050	
Excess (deficiency)						
of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	3,974,6	19	118,291	163,128	(188,171)	
(chasi) superiord		 -		100,120	(100,171)	
Other financing						
sources (uses):						
Transfers in	63,3	09				
Transfers out	(3,654,4	<u>63)</u>	(158,272)		(3,215)	
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	(3,591,1	54)	(158,272)		(3,215)	
Net change in fund balance	383,4	65	(39,981)	163,128	(191,386)	
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,502,6		462,938	254,321	3,206,035 \$	18,305
Restatement of fund balances	13,1	<u> 53</u>				
Beginning fund balances as restated	3,515,7	<u> 78</u>	462,938	254,321	3,206,035	18,305
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 3,899,2	43_\$	422,957 \$	417,449 \$	3,014,649 \$	18,305

	Police Forfeiture & Grants	Housing Assistance	TIF	Employee Benefit Property Tax	Police & Fire 411	Parks & Recreation Programs
\$	62,299		\$	1,293,042		
						\$ 3,051 2,011,586
_	\$ 5,326	33,282 \$ 232	8,009	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	74,313	116,787
_	67,625	33,514	8,009	1,293,042_	74,313	2,131,424
	145,228					
		23,818			11,301	146,711
_	145,228	23,818			11,301	146,711
	(77,603)	9,696	8,009	1,293,042	63,012	1,984,713
_			(68,972)	(1,293,042)		100,000
-			(68,972)	(1,293,042)		100,000
	(77,603)	9,696	(60,963)		63,012	2,084,713
_	135,032	798,858 169,743	221,847		1,621,354	1,016,345
_	135,032	968,601	221,847		1,621,354	1,016,345
\$ _	57,429 \$	978,297 \$	160,884 \$	\$	1,684,366	\$ 3,101,058

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Library Donations		Project Share		Police & Fire Donations		CDBG
Revenues:								
Taxes								
Intergovernmental	\$	14,204					\$	409,896
Charges for services		405 407	Φ.	00.400	•	0.005		191,735
Donations		125,407	\$	20,180	\$	2,225		0.400
Investment earnings Miscellaneous		68,388						3,488
Miscellaneous	_	720	-		-			
Total revenues	_	208,719		20,180	_	2,225	_	605,119
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety						4,905		
Public works				19,209		,		
Health and social services								
Culture and recreation		123,110						
Community and economic development								611,684
General government								
Capital projects		82,826			-			
Total expenditures	_	205,936	_	19,209	_	4,905		611,684
Excess (deficiency)								
of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		2,783		971		(2,680)		(6,565)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing			· <u>-</u>				·	
sources (uses)	_		· _					
Net change in fund balances		2,783		971		(2,680)		(6,565)
Fund balances at beginning of year Restatement of fund balances		1,504,160	. <u> </u>	6167	_	5,731		340,786 37,390
Beginning fund balances as restated	-	1,504,160	_	6,167	_	5,731		378,176
Fund balances at end of year	\$_	1,506,943	\$	7,138	\$_	3,051	\$	371,611

	Animal Shelter Donations	Public Art Donations	Developers' Projects	Economic Development & Loans	FEMA	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
					\$ \$ 156,150	1,293,042 13,149,846 199,330
\$ _	16,919 4,921 \$ 	233 \$	4,828 \$ 8,162	15,883		2,176,317 339,859 14,440
_	21,840	233	12,990	15,883	156,150	17,172,834
	5,493				164,636	155,626 3,542,649 893,695 421,589 2,602,521 112,743 2,063,799
_	5,493			-	164,636	9,792,622
	16,347	233	12,990	15,883	(8,486)	7,380,212
						163,309 (5,177,964)
_	40.247		40.000	45.000	(0.400)	(5,014,655)
	16,347 101,156	233 5,022	12,990 308,381	15,883 707,614 118,723	(8,486) 8,762	2,365,557 14,225,439 339,009
	101,156	5,022	308,381	826,337	8,762	14,564,448
\$_	117,503 \$	5,255 \$	321,371 \$	842,220	\$ <u>276</u> \$_	16,930,005



Educational Campaign

Water As A Limited Resource

Voluntary Reduction of Water Usage

Delaying Costly Expansion of Water Treatment Facilities

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to finance and account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of governmental facilities and services that are supported primarily by user charges. They are also known as business-type activities.

Storm Sewer Utility Fund - This fund is used to account for the monthly fees paid by the customers of the Electric Utility for the maintenance of the City's storm sewer system.

Parking Lot Fund - This fund is used to account for the operation of the parking meters on streets and in designated lots.

Resource Recovery Fund - This fund is used to account for the operation of the City owned resource recovery plant. Services are also provided to 13 communities and several governmental organizations on a contractual basis.

Transit Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of all City transit services.

Ames/ISU Ice Arena Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of a recreational ice facility, jointly owned by the City and Iowa State University.

Homewood Golf Course Fund - This fund is used to account for the operations of a 9-hole golf course.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS	Storm Sewer Utility		Parking Lot		Resource Recovery
Current assets:					
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$ 1,001,552	\$	260,924	\$	1,660,922
Accounts receivable, net	89,048		27,967		257,806
Accrued interest receivable	7,748		2,066		12,076
Intergovernmental receivables			768		451,036
Due from other funds	23,014		1,212		57,281
Inventories			10,646		
Prepaid items	 		1,208	·	60
Total current assets	 1,121,362	<u> </u>	304,791	_	2,439,181
Noncurrent assets:					
Deferred debt issuance costs, net					6,187
Capital assets:					·
Land			910,547		274,903
Land improvements	526,378		647,228		58,492
Buildings					11,219,650
Equipment			56,130		5,025,221
Less accumulated depreciation	 (124,922)		(520,648)		(9,348,975)
Capital assets, net	401,456		1,093,257	_	7,229,291
Total noncurrent assets	 401,456		1,093,257	_	7,235,478
Total assets	 1,522,818		1,398,048		9,674,659

	Transit	Ames/ISU Ice Arena		Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
\$	1,706,337	\$ 520,254	\$	38,947	\$ 5,188,936
	47,850	15,876		1,234	439,781
	13,272	4,102		268	39,532
	418,148	1,852			871,804
	102,846				184,353
	174,844	5,711		2,448	193,649
_					 1,268
_	2,463,297	547,795		42,897	 6,919,323
					6,187
	41,500			193,250	1,420,200
	149,806	63,578		127,581	1,573,063
	10,706,151	1,688,110	1,688,110		23,700,914
	9,769,607	37,114			14,888,072
_	(8,752,013)		(483,046)		 (19,322,002)
_	11,915,051	1,305,756		315,436	 22,260,247
_	11,915,051	1,305,756		315,436	 22,266,434
_	14,378,348	1,853,551		358,333	 29,185,757

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

LIABILITIES	Storm Sewer Utility	Parking Lot	Resource Recovery
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	7,845	6,947	103,622
Retainage payable	245		E2 700
Due to other governments Compensation and payroll taxes	345 7,039	7,912	53,789 26,687
Employee benefits	7,039 577	1,215	3,079
Due to other funds	10,590	13,147	50,124
Bonds payable	10,000	10,147	435,000
Interest payable			2,508
Unearned revenue		5,725	2,000
Landfill postclosure costs	 -		16,141
Total current liabilities	26,396	34,946	690,950
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Employee benefits	9,810	16,450	66,877
Post-employment benefits	23	33	104
Bonds payable			425,000
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued			29,703
Deferred charges			(18,570)
Landfill postclosure costs			522,485
Total noncurrent liabilities	9,833	16,483	1,025,599
Total liabilities	36,229	51,429	1,716,549
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	401,456	1,093,257	6,369,291
Unrestricted	1,085,133	253,362	1,588,819
			1,000,010
Total net assets	\$ <u>1,486,589</u> \$	1,346,619 \$	7,958,110

	Transit		Ames/ISU Ice Arena		Homewood Golf Course		Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
	67,770		11,629		3,162		200,975
	140,374						140,374
	3,462		86		1,168		58,850
	104,866		2,068		4,463		153,035
	14,585		302		163		19,921
	27,357		2,711		3,000		106,929
							435,000
							2,508
							5,725
_		_					16,141
	358,414		16,796		11,956		1,139,458
	215,454		4,771		1,886		315,248
	277		7		6		450
	,				-		425,000
							29,703
							(18,570)
				_			522,485
•	215,731		4,778		1,892		1,274,316
•		•			1-11-11	•	
	574,145		21,574		13,848	·	2,413,774
	11,915,051		1,305,756		315,436		21,400,247
	1,889,152		526,221		29,049		5,371,736
\$	13,804,203	\$	1,831,977	\$	344,485	\$	26,771,983

(concluded)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Storm Sewer Utility		Parking Lot		Resource Recovery
Operating revenues:	-				•
Charges for goods and services	\$ 828,644	. \$_	860,255	\$_	3,813,799
Operating expenses:					
Cost of goods and services	446,140		817,706		3,042,159
Administration	2,686		28,201		166,840
Depreciation	10,528		13,989		384,621
Total operating expenses	 459,354		859,896		3,593,620
Operating income (loss)	 369,290	_	359	_	220,179
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment earnings	41,009		11,210		60.375
Interest expense			·		(41,957)
Federal, state, and other operating grants					,,,,,,
Costs reimbursed by contract participants					614,954
Loss on disposal of capital assets					
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 41,009	_	11,210	_	633,372
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	410,299		11,569		853,551
Capital contributions					
Transfers in	 	_		_	108,475
Change in net assets	410,299		11,569		962,026
Total net assets at beginning of year	 1,076,290	_	1,335,050	_	6,996,084
Total net assets at end of year	\$ 1,486,589	\$	1,346,619	\$_	7,958,110

	Transit	Ames/ISU Ice Arena	Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
\$_	4,079,218 \$_	417,715 \$	215,923 \$	10,215,554
	5,725,565	415,435	210,880	10,657,885
	854,575		,	1,052,302
	962,324	63,150	8,062	1,442,674
_	7,542,464	478,585	218,942	13,152,861
				
	(3,463,246)	(60,870)	(3,019)	(2,937,307)
	117,275	22.846	4.440	054.404
	111,210	22,040	1,449	254,164
	2,016,867			(41,957)
	2,010,001			2,016,867
	(7,975)			614,954
_	2,126,167	22,846	1,449	2,836,053
			1,110	2,000,000
	(1,337,079)	(38,024)	(1,570)	(101,254)
		, , ,	(/ /	(1, - 5 1)
	2,084,112	20,000		2,104,112
_	1,150,821	20,000		1,279,296
	1,897,854	1,976	(1,570)	3,282,154
	11,906,349	1,830,001	346,055	23,489,829
\$	13,804,203 \$	1,831,977 \$	344,485 \$	26,771,983

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Storm Sewer Utility	Parking Lot	Resource Recovery
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$	802,967 \$ (112,450) (271,031)	908,530 \$ (138,244) (493,272)	3,852,100 (1,787,416) (958,013)
Payments for interfund services used	_	(60,944)	(195,298)	(514,040)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		358,542	81,716	592,631
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating grants				
Costs reimbursed by contract participants Transfers in	_			614,954 108,475
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_			723,429
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal paid on general obligation bond maturities Interest paid and other fiscal charges Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets				(450,000) (45,850)
Capital contributions				
Net cash provided by (used in) capital financing activities	_			(495,850)
Capital Marioning addition		····		(400,000)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments and pooled cash		37,743	10,893	54,387
meroet on amountoine and pooled each		01,140	10,033	34,367
Net cash provided by investing activities		37,743	10,893	54,387

	Transit	Ames/ISU Ice Arena	Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
\$	3,802,591 \$ (1,971,014) (4,341,036) (307,904)	416,727 \$ (205,197) (165,232) (45,159)	218,916 \$ (68,041) (119,197) (28,891)	10,001,831 (4,282,362) (6,347,781) (1,152,236)
	(2,817,363)	1,139	2,787	(1,780,548)
	2,016,867 1,150,821	20,000		2,016,867 614,954 1,279,296
	3,167,688	20,000		3,911,117
	(2,517,575) 2,025	(5,730)		(450,000) (45,850) (2,523,305) 2,025
-	2,084,112	20,000		2,104,112
-	(431,438)	14,270	·	(913,018)
-	119,147	22,595	1,406	246,171
-	119,147	22,595	1,406	246,171

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Storm Sewer Utility	Parking Lot	Resource Recovery
Net change in cash and pooled cash investments		396,285	92,609	874,597
Cash and pooled cash investments at beginning of year	_	605,267	168,315	786,325
Cash and pooled cash investments at end of year	\$	1,001,552 \$	260,924	1,660,922
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	369,290 \$	359 \$	220,179
Depreciation expense		10,528	13,989	384,621
Changes in: Accounts receivable, net Intergovernmental receivables Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid items Accounts payable Due to other governments Accrued expenses Due to other funds Unearned revenue Landfill postclosure costs Net cash provided by (used in)		(5,682) 31 (20,026) (6,073) 119 4,522 5,833	44,289 4,518 (1,212) 10,308 (1) 5,415 994 2,377 680	61,722 (9,233) (14,188) (60) (51,558) 7,218 8,440 (1,251) (13,259)
operating activities	\$	358,542 \$	81,716 \$	592,631
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AN Unrealized increases in the fair value of investments	D CAP	1TAL FINANCING 2,959 \$	G ACTIVITIES:	4,192

	Transit	Ames/ISU Ice Arena	Homewood Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
	38,034	58,004	4,193	1,463,722
	1,668,303	462,250	34,754	3,725,214
\$_	1,706,337 \$	520,254 \$	38,947 \$	5,188,936
\$	(3,463,246) \$	(60,870) \$	(3,019) \$	(2,937,307)
	962,324	63,150	8,062	1,442,674
	(18,642) (164,736)	(7,008) 6,020	2,933	77,612 (163,400)
	(93,249) (645)	(1,246)	60 (545) 30	(128,615) 7,872 (31)
	(60,167) (47,157) 60,813	(547) 16 148	(961) 299 (4,839)	(31) (113,891) (39,505) 70,078
	7,342	1,476	767	16,544 680 (13,259)
\$_	(2,817,363) \$	1,139 \$	2,787 \$	(1,780,548)
\$	9,836_\$_	1,786_\$_	101_\$	19,739

(concluded)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the City and to other governmental units on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fleet Services Fund - This fund is used to account for capital equipment other than that included in the enterprise funds and governmental funds. A central garage is operated and all equipment is maintained and purchased through this fund. Appropriate charges are made to other City departments for maintenance and equipment replacement.

Information Services Fund - This fund is used to account for all data processing, telecommunications, and other communications services provided to the City departments.

Risk Insurance Fund - This fund is used to account for all insurance premiums and claim payments other than health benefits. The City's self-insured workers' compensation insurance is accounted for in this fund.

Health Insurance Fund - This fund is used to account for all self-insured health insurance claim payments and stop-loss premiums.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

-									Total
		Fleet		Information		Risk	Health		Internal Service
ASSETS		Services		Services		Insurance	Insurance		Funds
Current assets:									
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$	6,986,843	\$	2,039,754	\$	•	2,253,052	\$	11,402,053
Accounts receivable, net		35,052		15.110		576	26,852		62,480
Accrued interest receivable		52,476		15,410		5,555	16,317		89,758
Intergovernmental receivables		5,527		4,996					10,523
Due from other funds Inventories		301,060 70,912		202,498					503,558 70,912
Prepaid items		5,891		61,539		830,840			898,270
Total current assets	_	7,457,761	_	2,324,197	-	959,375	2,296,221		13,037,554
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets:									
Land improvements				180,852					180,852
Buildings		551,493		100,002					551,493
Equipment		10,191,684		1,300,206		13,670			11,505,560
Less accumulated depreciation		(6,291,140)		(1,246,107)	}	(11,392)			(7,548,639)
Capital assets, net		4,452,037		234,951	_	2,278			4,689,266
Total noncurrent assets	_	4,452,037	_	234,951	_	2,278			4,689,266
Total assets		11,909,798	_	2,559,148	-	961,653	2,296,221		17,726,820
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable		56,346		2,390		112,908	433,802		605,446
Due to other governments		29,103		3,500		296	28,000		60,899
Compensation and payroll taxes		11,660		2,086		2,585	361		16,692
Employee benefits		2,940		2,172		420	547		6,079
Due to other funds Claims payable		11,703		2,804		418 476,635	7,886 450,000		22,811
Total current liabilities	_	111,752	-	12,952	-	593,262	920,596	•	926,635 1,638,562
Noncurrent liabilities:									
Employee benefits		75.697		48,526		8,968	10,505		143,696
Post-employment benefits		73,037		40,320		3	10,303 7		145,090
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	75,775	_	48,593	-	8,971	10,512		143,851
Total liabilities		187,527		61,545		602,233	931,108		1,782,413
NET ASSETS	_	·	_	t	_		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	•	.,,,,,,,,,,
NL: AGGETO									
Invested in capital assets,									
net of related debt		4,452,037		234,951		2,278			4,689,266
Unrestricted	_	7,270,234	_	2,262,652	-	357,142	1,365,113	-	11,255,141
Total net assets	\$_	11,722,271	\$_	2,497,603	\$	359,420 \$	1,365,113	\$_	15,944,407

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Fleet Services	Information Services	Risk Insurance	Health Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues: Charges for goods						
and services	\$_	3,163,316 \$	1,934,505	1,404,018	\$ 5,085,927	\$ <u>11,587,766</u>
Operating expenses:						
Cost of goods and services		2,192,148	1,687,872	1,804,168	5,256,906	10,941,094
Depreciation		825,018	103,397	4,557		932,972
Total operating expenses		3,017,166	1,791,269	1,808,725	5,256,906	11,874,066
Operating income (loss)		146,150	143,236	(404,707)	(170,979)	(286,300)
Nonoperating revenues						
(expenses):						
Investment earnings		304,713	90,315	25,509	100,296	520,833
Gain on disposal		40.00=				
of capital assets		19,237				19,237
Total nonoperating						
revenues	_	323,950	90,315	25,509	100,296	540,070
Income before						
contributions and transfers		470,100	233,551	(379,198)	(70,683)	253,770
Transfers in	_	9,645				9,645
Change in net assets		479,745	233,551	(379,198)	(70,683)	263,415
Total net assets at beginning of year		11,242,526	2,264,052	738,618	1,435,796	15,680,992
Total net assets at end of year	\$_	11,722,271	2,497,603	359,420	\$ 1,365,113	15,944,407

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Fleet Services	Information Services	Risk Insurance	Health insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used	\$ _	3,081,736 \$ (1,223,944) (702,687) (250,953)	1,822,831 \$ (727,042) (723,961) (266,936)	1,403,490 \$ (1,469,468) (56,084) (3,983)	5,187,429 \$ (4,989,644) (132,195) (18,142)	11,495,486 (8,410,098) (1,614,927) (540,014)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	904,152	104,892	(126,045)	47,448	930,447
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in	_	9,645				9,645
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		9,645	<u> </u>			9,645
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	(540,601) 122,461	(52,143) 			(592,744) 122,461
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	_	(418,140)	(52,143)			(470,283)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments and pooled cash	_	300,771	90,099	25,947	100,770	517,587
Net cash provided by investing activities		300,771	90,099	25,947	100,770	517,587
Net change in cash and pooled cash investments		796,428	142,848	(100,098)	148,218	987,396
Cash and pooled cash investments at beginning of year		6,190,415	1,896,906	222,502	2,104,834	10,414,657
Cash and pooled cash investments at end of year	\$	6,986,843 \$	2,039,754 \$	122,404 \$	2,253,052 \$	11,402,053

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Fleet Services	Information Services	Risk Insurance	Health Insurance	Total Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income						
(loss) to net cash provided by						
(used in) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	146,150 \$	143,236 \$	(404,707) \$	(170,979) \$	(286,300)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation expense		825,018	103,397	4,557		932,972
Changes in:		,		,,==.		VOL,012
Accounts receivable, net		(21,377)		(576)	101,432	79,479
Intergovernmental receivables		(3,873)	1,850	ζγ		(2,023)
Due from other funds		(56,330)	(113,524)	48	70	(169,736)
Inventories		(9,039)	,			(9,039)
Prepaid items		49	(19,486)	(17,994)	1,460	(35,971)
Accounts payable		16,542	(21,077)	34,514	83.937	113,916
Due to other governments		(1,359)	3,500	296	28,000	30,437
Accrued expenses		5,711	7,157	2.009	(713)	14,164
Due to other funds		2,660	(161)	167	4,241	6,907
Claims payable			······································	255,641		255,641
Net cash provided by (used in)						
operating activities	\$_	904,152 \$	104,892 \$	(126,045) \$	47,448 \$	930,447

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Unrealized increases in the fair value of investments	\$ 23,779 \$	7,113 \$	2,070	7,958	\$	40,920
Capital asset trade-ins	\$ 15,500			;	s	15,500

(concluded)

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to report resources held by the City in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities).

Flex Benefits Fund - This fund is used to hold the employees' withheld contributions to a Section 125 flexible benefits plan.

Payroll Clearing Fund - This fund is used to hold payroll taxes withheld from employees until they are paid to the appropriate authorities.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	 Agenc	y F	unds	-	
ASSETS	Payroll Clearing		Flex Benefits		Total
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$ 192,512	\$ =	29,716	\$_	222,228
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 7,912 184,600	\$	29,716	\$ - —	37,628 184,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 192,512	\$_	29,716	\$_	222,228

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

PAYROLL CLEARING FUND

ASSETS		Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2008
Cash and pooled cash investments Accounts receivable	\$ _	175,996 \$	20,472,909 252	\$ 20,456,393 252	\$ 	192,512
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	175,996 \$	20,473,161	\$ 20,456,645	\$	192,512
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ —	7,117 \$ 168,879	8,703,170 11,931,089	\$ 8,702,375 11,915,368	\$_	7,912 184,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	175,996_\$	20,634,259	\$ 20,617,743	\$	192,512

FLEX BENEFITS FUND

ASSETS		Balance July 1, 2007	Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2008
Cash and pooled cash investments	\$_	14,625 \$	1,701,731	\$_	1,686,640	\$_	29,716
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$_	14,625 \$	700,878	\$_	685,787	\$_	29,716

(continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES-AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

TOTALS

ASSETS		Balance July 1, 2007		Additions		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2008
Cash and pooled cash investments Accounts receivable	\$ _	190,621	\$	22,174,640 252	\$ -	22,143,033 252	\$ 222,228
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	190,621	\$_	22,174,892	\$_	22,143,285	\$ 222,228
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	21,742 168,879	\$ 	9,404,048 11,931,089	\$ -	9,388,162 11,915,368	\$ 37,628 184,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	190,621	\$	21,335,137	\$_	21,303,530	\$ 222,228

(concluded)

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Ames's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the city's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the city's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	125
Revenue Capacity	131
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the city's most significant revenue source, property tax.	131
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the city's current levels of outstanding debt and the city's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	135
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the city's financial activities take place.	140
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the city's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the city's financial information relates to the services the city provides and the activities it performs.	142

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The city implemented GASB Statement 34 in 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Schedule 1
City of Ames
Net Assets by Component
Last Seven Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year			
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 59,164,746 7,147,552 13,844,366	\$ 67,107,350 5,907,080 14,113,598	\$ 72,431,317 5,392,715 15,729,109	\$ 77,768,887 6,091,644 15,250,250	\$ 87,975,194 5,767,706 18,116,572	\$ 90,093,683 6,680,663	\$ 95,550,370 12,523,636 19,525,162
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 80,156,664	\$ 87.128.028	\$ 93,553,141	\$ 99.110.781	\$ 111,859,472	\$ 119.075.548	\$ 127,599,168
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 162,875,819	\$ 170,584,026	\$ 177,602,171	\$ 194,461,923	\$ 209,874,031	\$ 224,440,404	\$ 226,464,780
Restricted Unrestricted	6,915,337 95,915,917	3,227,265 103,208,153	2,021,178 113,464,680	1,903,958 114,424,423	1,840,838 121,916,198	1,695,740 136,557,327	1,582,837
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 265,707,073	\$ 277,019,444	\$ 293,088,029	\$ 310,790,304	\$ 333,631,067	\$ 362,693,471	\$ 375,233,030
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 222,040,565	\$ 237,691,376	\$ 250,033,488	\$ 272,230,810	\$ 297,849,225	\$ 314,534,087	\$ 322,015,150
Restricted Unrestricted	14,062,889	9,134,345	7,413,893	7,995,602	7,608,544	8,376,403	14,106,473
Total primary government assets	\$ 345,863,737	\$ 364.147.472	\$ 386,641,170	\$ 409,901,085	\$ 445,490,539	\$ 481,769,019	166,710,575 \$ 502,832,198

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002.

Schedule 2
City of Ames
Changes in Net Assets, Last Seven Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

(מכלו ממו סמסים כו מכלים וווין)				Fiscal Year			
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Expenses Governmental activities:							
Public safety	\$ 10.420.335	\$ 10.267.584	\$ 10 160 215	\$ 10.857.504	\$ 11588247	\$ 11 992 224	\$ 13 102 633
Public works							
Health & social services		959,605	917.209	909.454	951.645	982,108	1 034 327
Culture & recreation		5,158,304	5,268,507	5,435,218	5,667,626	6,147,047	6.591.544
Community & economic development		2,989,990	2.612.198	2.447.892	2.743.874	3.404.127	3.219.621
General government	4,088,047	3,046,760	2.853,720	2,485,193	2.206.713	2.281.674	2.417.083
Capital projects		220,248	364,871	1,788,341	732,402	41,834	-
Transportation	6.509.949	•		-	-	•	
Community enrichment	8.442.957						
Utilities/physical environment	787.651						
Interest on long-term debt	1,539,352	1,674,910	1,635,493	1,589,465	1,548,265	1,532,782	1,537,842
Total governmental activities expense	31,788,291	32,504,604	32,780,599	34,861,813	35,202,341	36,567,124	39,578,439
Business-type activities:							
Mary Greeley Medical Center	91,207,246	95,183,668	97,429,390	111,220,658	122,828,311	135,819,426	145,581,895
Electric Utility	27,725,323	30,586,148	32,052,383	35,167,126	38,388,459	40,398,204	43,727,636
Sewer Utility	5,042,511	4,969,771	5,103,253	5,387,364	5,326,905	6,069,860	5,979,526
Water Utility	4,588,786	4,765,393	5,097,617	5,088,878	5,468,343	5,811,849	6,054,928
Storm Sewer Utility	376,363	422,673	385,303	375,498	473,286	474,425	458,119
Parking Lot	621,816	626,843	799,523	808,289	777,261	828,138	856,518
Resource Recovery	2,877,425	3,157,863	3,215,617	3,353,518	3,424,317	3,887,199	3,636,402
Transit	4,882,522	5,400,212	5,885,535	5,983,230	6,280,501	6,911,902	7,597,860
Ames/ISU Ice Arena	482,729	482,014	471,392	460,759	469,884	432,532	480,418
Homewood Golf Course	205,312	222,710	205,478	202,407	226,069	224,749	217,964
Total business-type activities expense	138,010,033	145,817,295	150,645,491	168,047,727	183,663,336	200,858,284	214,591,266
Total primary government expenses	\$ 169,798,324	\$ 178,321,899	\$ 183,426,090	\$ 202,909,540	\$ 218,865,677	\$ 237,425,408	\$ 254,169,705
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
Public Safety	\$ 1,717,128	\$ 1,976,775	\$ 2,149,361	\$ 2,233,090	\$ 2,156,638	\$ 2,201,516	\$ 2,356,887
Culture and recreation		1,065,611	1,122,537	1,042,181	1,027,906	1,020,870	1,066,913
Community enrichment	1,160,147						
General government	1,335,520	1,513,615	1,480,807	1,131,802	717,309	816,844	837,787
Other activities	605,165	240,330	150,663	230,627	272,205	416,660	312,553
Operating grants & contributions	1,601,742	2,277,904	2,568,666	2,150,390	2,745,231	2,595,245	3,545,354
Capital glants & continuous			3,340,218		- 1		118,301
l otal governmental activities program revenues	\$ 12,966,057	\$ 12,199,470	\$ 10,812,252	\$ 11,460,655	\$ 11,766,491	\$ 10,282,753	\$ 14,238,855

	į			Fiscal Year			
Business-type activities:	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Mary Greeley Medical Center	95,183,606	99,086,747	104.597.269	122 552 271	129 658 158	115 181 175	150 584 036
Electric Utility	31,761,537	32,506,192	34,729,308	36.677.050	42.256.054	46.307.158	47 973 474
Sewer Utility	4,229,249	4,244,668	4,276,063	4,190,238	4.607.890	4,760,282	4 811 331
Water Utility	5,936,702	6,139,049	6,123,857	5,885,844	6.260.700	6.394.051	6.474.046
Storm Sewer Utility	395,207	400,162	415,082	433,885	647,138	676.692	828 644
Parking Lot	712,771	716,025	835,781	715,634	776 341	685 500	860.255
Resource Recovery	2,736,075	3,047,135	3,124,654	3.925,447	4.191.902	4 072 777	3 813 700
Fansit	2,674,966	2,988,830	3,172,940	2 745 924	3 454 757	3 703 525	0,010,133
Ames/ISU ice Arena	380,498	454,414	398,281	379,783	373.698	380 163	417 715
Homewood Golf Course	212,069	196,159	208,336	214 051	212,233	108 124	245,000
Operating grants & contributions	1,704,841	1,763,879	1,771,872	508,639	1.252.304	1 665 682	213,923
Capital grants & contributions	925,080	3,297,323	2,332,603	3,040,686	4.967.908	1.724 159	3 290 701
Total business-type activities program revenues	146,852,601	154,840,583	161,986,046	181,269,452	198,658,966	215.848.288	228 170 712
lotal primary government program revenues	\$ 159,818,658	\$ 167,040,053	\$ 172,798,298	\$ 192,730,107	\$ 210,425,457	\$ 226,131,041	\$ 242,409,567
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	6 (10 000 004)	6	•	•	•		
Business-type activities		9.023.288	\$ (21,968,347) 11,340,555	\$ (23,401,158) 13,221,725	. \$ (23,435,850) 14 005 630	S)	⇔
Total primary governmental net expense	\$ (9,979,666)	\$ (11,281,846)	\$ (10,627,792)	<u>\$</u>	\$ (8,440,220)	\$ (11,294,367)	\$ (11,760,138)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets							
Governmental activities: Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 14 247 602	£ 15 100 084	47.060.040				
Sales taxes			-	G12,827,71 &	18,475,771	\$ 19,313,838	\$ 20,147,655
Road use taxes	4.105.886	4 095 978	4.055.014	0,075,491	6,448,355	7,281,418	6,997,159
Unrestricted grants & contributions	691,747	668,704	48.413	31 045	4,243,009	4,244,752	4,346,879
Investment earnings	963,586	747,546	489.786	828.277	1 404 140	2.074.008	20,070
Iransters	167,478	320,785	225,888	83.144	35.964	231 849	204,000,7
Other	84,738	(274,961)	308,156	703	1	, ,	- 262,303
l otal governmental activities	25,493,322	27,276,498	28,393,460	28,958,798	30,622,984	33,161,438	33,863,204
Business-type activities:							
Investment earnings	1,833,523	2,606,764	5,200,766	4,363,765	7,881,097	14.184.748	(750.318)
Other	(167,478)	(320,785)	(225,888)	(83,144)	(35,964)	(231,849)	(292,383)
Total business than a distinct	(131,859)	3,104	(246,848)	199,929	1	119,501	2,814
Total brimes -type activities program	1,534,186	- 1	4,728,030	4,480,550	7,845,133	14,072,400	(1,039,887)
oral primitary governmental	\$ 27,027,508	\$ 29,565,581	\$ 33,121,490	\$ 33,439,348	\$ 38,468,117	\$ 47,233,838	\$ 32,823,317
Change in Net Assets Governmental activities	\$ 6.671.088	\$ 6 971 364	6 405 113	\$ 0.000			
Business-type activities	10,376,754	•	-	_	72 840 763	20,677,007	3 8,523,620 12,620,660
Total primary governmental	\$ 17,047,842	\$ 18,283,735	\$ 22,493,698	\$ 23,259,915	\$ 30.027.897	\$ 35 939 471	\$ 21.063.170
		ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ł

Notes: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002. The State of lowa changed reporting functions to meet the requirements of GASB 34 effective with fiscal year 2003.

Schedule 3
City of Ames
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Seven Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					╙	Fiscal Year			Ì					;
General Fund		<u>2002</u>		<u>2003</u>		2004		<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>		<u>2007</u>		<u>2008</u>
Reserved	↔	297,331	↔	134,833	↔	119,344 \$	↔	189,955	↔	173,039	↔	256,946	↔	276,068
Unreserved	i	3,856,268		4,595,140		4,987,655		5,417,003		5,646,663		6,289,199		6,377,565
Total General Fund	↔	\$ 4,153,599	↔	4,729,973	69	5,106,999	↔	5,606,958	↔	5,819,702	↔	6,546,145	49	6,653,633
All Other Governmental Funds														
Reserved	()	\$ 8,168,864 \$		6,684,379 \$	s	6,934,080	63	6,758,486	↔	7,175,778	69	6,934,080 \$ 6,758,486 \$ 7,175,778 \$ 7,619,673 \$ 14,663,188	€	14,663,188
Unreserved, reported in:														
Other governmental funds		633,570												
Capital projects fund												2,110,682		
Nonmajor special revenue funds	ŀ	5,943,244		8,083,479		8,360,430	ĺ	9 139 295		9,847,667	I	11,867,770		12,239,249
Total all other governmental funds	₩	\$ 14,745,678	↔	\$ 14,767,858	↔	\$ 15,294,510	es.	\$ 15,897,781	↔	\$ 17,023,445	↔	\$ 21,598,125	↔	\$ 26,902,437

Schedule 4
City of Ames
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Seven Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year	:		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Taxes	\$ 14 247 602	4 16 100 084	¢ 17.062.212	47 700 045			00 471
Special assessments	310	•		012,021,11 \$	10,470,771	430,570	4 70,147,033
chimica bac acadoi l			001,000	000,000	626,126	0/0,80	017,111
Licenses and permits	861,827	928,479	1,123,645	1,162,071	973,003	983,238	1,083,017
Intergovernmental	17,451,315	16,668,700	12,723,046	13,886,584	14,283,772	16,009,502	15,257,235
Charges for services	2,579,068	2,911,671	2,802,740	2,861,229	2,913,616	3,207,138	3,396,848
Fines and forfeits	169,299	147,339	149,005	165,243	180,453	191,626	186,848
Donations	190,495		868,637	613,644	240,719	218,033	3,188,519
Investment earnings	1,139,022	997,741	667,644	884,551	1,360,294	1,725,443	1,824,426
Miscellaneous	570,384	383,966	425,741	240,037	186,167	202,994	176,898
Total revenues	37,519,713	38,800,680	36,131,904	37,795,442	38,935,318	41,991,382	45,378,664
Expenditures							
Public safety	9,932,025	10,073,803	10,147,229	10,803,854	11,669,410	11,896,964	12,927,372
Public works		3,892,858	4,390,191	4,418,888	4,504,535	4,756,831	5,117,634
Health and social services		958,521	918,839	909,947	953,620	982,063	1,033,776
Culture and recreation		5,270,329	5,191,331	5,254,306	5,487,868	5,900,650	6,160,922
Community and economic development		2,961,538	2,600,483	2,437,266	2,748,939	3.404.221	3,217,968
General government	3,173,219		2,049,786	1,960,966	2,168,130	2.145.983	2,207,062
Capital projects	20,131,685	12,003,536	9,561,512	10,184,911	6,602,090	6,265,482	11,463,042
Transportation	2,961,999		•		•	-	
Community enrichment	8,155,022						
Utilities/physical environment	700,387						
Debt service							
Principal retirement	4,363,748	5,043,788	5,483,308	5.307.272	7.283.105	5.740.028	5.630.919
Interest and fiscal charges	1,518,648		1.632.709	1,614,899	1.581.581	1.557.501	1 620 271
Debt issuance costs	12,348	30,679					
Total expenditures	50,949,081	43,906,507	41,975,388	42,892,309	42,999,278	42,649,723	49,378,966
Excess of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(13,429,368)	(5,105,827)	(5,843,484)	(5,096,867)	(4,063,960)	(658,341)	(4,000,302)

	i	ĺ		Fiscal Year				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		2008
Issuance of bonds Issuance of refunding bonds	\$ 14,865,000 2,692,520	\$ 5,885,000 3,212,820	\$ 6,555,000	\$ 6,030,000	\$ 5,495,000	\$ 5,285,000	\$ 00	9,059,781
Premiums of debt issued Payments of refunded bonds	24,247 (2,640,000)	117,670	42,916	60,193	33,665	73,086	98	69,583
Capital transfers out	(251,840)	(743,588)	,		(162,957)		1	
Tansiers in	5,565,732	5,906,633	6,699,116	6,080,627	6,514,877	7,076,994	94	8,384,379
I ransrers out	(5,230,254)	(5,568,666)	(6,549,870)	(5,970,723)	(6,478,217)	(6,814,625)	25)	(8,101,641)
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,025,405	5,639,047	6,747,162	6,200,097	5,402,368	5,620,455	 23 	9,412,102
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,596,037	\$ 533,220	\$ 903,678	\$ 1,103,230	\$ 1,338,408	\$ 4,962,114		\$ 5,411,800
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	19.0%	21.4%	23.4%	22.2%	26.5%	20.8%		19.8%

Note: The State of lowa changed reporting functions to meet the requirements of GASB 34 effective with fiscal year 2003.

Schedule 5 City of Ames Assessed Taxable Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of	Actual Taxable Value	%0 02	72.6	714	72.7	69.8	70.5	66.7	65.7	63.1	62.0
Estimated Actual Taxable					2,036,850,033						
Total Direct	Tax Rate	\$ 9.75731	9.76244	9,60628	9.35614	9.63962	9.67627	9.94868	10.16610	10.25190	10.43585
Total Taxable Assessed	Value	\$1,177,188,821	1.275.809.753	1,387,050,617	1,481,600,827	1,643,006,682	1,712,090,843	1,744,573,328	1,804,026,691	1,896,589,910	1,933,311,422
Less: Military	Tax Exemption	\$ 3.241.926	3,178,958	3 154,882	3,096,544 1,4	3,120,620	3,044,688	2,965,052	2,894,676	2,912,270	2,888,194
Taxable Value Industrial	M&E/Computers	\$ 22,726,817	19,713,440	14,866,842	7,460,535	3,140,447					
ø.											
Taxabie Value	Utilitie	↔		15,103,991	15,713,751	17,306,739					
Taxable V	Utilitie	↔		15,103,991		17,306,739					
Taxable V	Property Utilitie	\$ 32,434,540 \$	37,881,967	52,712,806 15,103,991	15,713,751	77,126,240 17,306,739	79,460,930	84,967,190	91,023,260	108,536,430	
Taxable Value Taxable Value Commercial Industrial Taxable V	Property Property Utilitie	\$516,287,865 \$ 32,434,540 \$	574,735,293 37,881,967	641,513,433 52,712,806 15,103,991	61,850,141 15,713,751	807,747,474 77,126,240 17,306,739	858,404,884 79,460,930	833,418,402 84,967,190	835,027,560 91,023,260	842,294,846 108,536,430	99,794,440

Source: Story County Auditor

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Ames Schedule 6

(tax rates per \$1,000 of assessed valuation)

Total	Direct &	Overlapping	Rates	30.04141	29.83319	29.50996	30.23526	30.85983	30.14403	30.60745	30.90706	31,15070	30.73685
		Area	Vocational (6)	0.50551	0,52451	0.54506	0.54454	0.54584	0.58184	0,59856	0.68408	0,68688	0.60276
Overlapping Rates (1)		County	Consolidated (5)	6.11277	5.87745	5.51856	6.50788	6.47047	6.08392	6.25618	6.32840	6.46794	6.42527
б	Ames	School	District (4)	13.66582	13.66879	13.84006	13.82670	14.20390	13.80200	13.80403	13.72848	13.74398	13.27297
	Total	Direct	Tax Rate (3)	9.75731	9.76244	9.60628	9.35614	9.63962	9.67627	9.94868	10.16610	10.25190	10.43585
Si		Debt Service	Rate	3.30580	3.52611	3.67021	3.43941	3.79688	3.64508	3.64317	3.67436	3.66283	3.68605
City Direct Rate	Employee	Benefits	Rate	0.23572	0.26405	0.28691	0.30861	0.31508	0.35921	0.53695	0.65229	0.68478	0.67178
Ci		Public Transit	Rate	0.52362	0.51213	0.50638	0.50962	0.49403	0.52435	0.53054	0.56436	0.56956	0.59171
		General	<u>Rate (2)</u>	5.69217	5.46015	5.14278	5.09850	5.03363	5.14763	5.23802	5.27509	5.33473	5.48631
1		Fiscal	Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

Source: Story County Auditor

- (1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that may apply to property owners within the City of Ames. Not all overlapping rates apply to all Ames property owners.
 - (2) State law limits the maximum tax rate for the General Fund to \$8.10 per thousand dollars of assessed valuation. (3) City council sets the total direct tax rate.
- (4) School district board of education sets the rate. (5) Story county agricultural extension board, and county hospital board set the rate.
 - (6) Area community college sets the rate.

City of Ames Principal Property Tax Payers by Parcel Current Year and Nine Years Ago Schedule 7

of Total City Taxable Assessed Assessed Value 1.50% 1.35 0.83 5 15,078,625 0.66 0.055 0.45 0.	2008	200		Percentage		1999	Darrontage
Taxable Assessed Taxable Assessed Value 1.50% Value Value Nalue Nalu				Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Assessed Assessed Rank 1.50% 1.35 \$ 15,078,625 2 0.83 \$ 15,078,625 2 0.66 0.66 2 0.66 0.49 10 0.45 6,450,700 7 0.45 20,061,444 1 0.45 20,061,444 1 0.45 20,061,434 1 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 6,518,973 6 6,518,973 6 5,707,919 9 7,39% \$ 85,716,139 7,39% \$ 85,716,139	Taxable			Taxable	Taxable		Taxable
Value Value Rank 1.50% 1.35 2 1.35 \$ 15,078,625 2 0.66 0.66 2 0.66 0.55 5,490,894 10 0.49 6,450,700 7 0.45 6,450,700 7 0.45 6,846,797 4 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,707,919 9 5,707,919 9 7,39% \$ 85,716,139 9	Assessed			Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
\$ 15,078,625 2 5,490,894 10 6,450,700 7 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,919 9	Value	ď,	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
\$ 15,078,625 2 5,490,894 10 6,450,700 7 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,516 8 5,757,919 9	\$ 29,000,000		_	1.50%			
\$ 15,078,625 2 5,490,894 10 6,450,700 7 20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,767,118 5 6,767,119 9 5,707,919 9	26,183,300		2	1.35			
5,490,894 10 6,450,700 7 20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,767,118 5 6,767,118 5 6,777,919 9	15,981,000	•	က	0.83		7	1.28%
5,490,894 10 6,450,700 7 20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,516 8 5,757,919 9	12,752,000	4		99.0			
5,490,894 10 6,450,700 7 20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,919 9	12,674,400 5	ſΩ		99.0			
6,450,700 7 20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,919 9	10,635,000 6	Ф		0.55	5,490,894	10	0.47
6,450,700 7 20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,516 8 5,757,519 9	9,458,900 7	7		0.49			
20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,919 9	8,775,000 8	∞		0.45	6,450,700	7	0.55
20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,516 8 5,707,919 9	8,739,000	6		0.45			
20,061,444 1 7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,757,919 9 \$ 85,716,139	8,695,000 10	¥	_	0.45			
7,036,153 3 6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,707,919 9					20,061,444		1.70
6,846,797 4 6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,707,919 9					7,036,153	က	09.0
6,767,118 5 6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,707,919 9 \$ 85,716,139					6,846,797	4	0.58
6,518,973 6 5,757,516 8 5,707,919 9 \$ 85,716,139					6,767,118	2	0.57
5,757,516 8 5,707,919 9 \$ 85,716,139					6,518,973	9	0.55
5,707,919 9 \$ 85,716,139					5,757,516	œ	0.49
\$ 85,716,139			,		5,707,919	တ	0.48
	\$ 142,893,600		"	7.39%	li		7.27%

Source: Story County Auditor

Notes: (1) Property changed ownership. (2) Barilla paid property taxes for the first time FY 1999.

Schedule 8 City of Ames Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal			Collected within the	thin the						
Year	Tax Levied		Fiscal Year of the Levy	f the Levy	Collections	ons	-	Totals Collections to Date	ons to Date	
Ended	for the			Percentage	in Subsequent	quent			Percentage	
June 30,	Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy	Years	· w		Amount	of Levy	
1999	\$ 11,511,434	₩	11,714,240	101.76%	s	1,045	↔	11,715,285	101.77%	
2000	12,484,141		12,718,805	101.88		13,138		12,731,943	101.98	
2001	13,364,547		13,716,608	102.63		1,286		13,717,894	102.64	
2002	13,916,170		14,218,041	102.17		12,054		14,230,095	102.26	
2003	15,870,964		15,978,134	100.68		80,213		16,058,347	101.18	
2004	16,618,895		16,904,000	101.72		52,567		16,956,567	102.03	
2005	17,401,486		17,672,862	101.56		10		17,672,872	101.56	
2006	18,344,342		18,490,707	100.80		2,044		18,492,751	100.81	
2007	19,446,934		19,327,368	99.39		2,254		19,329,622	99.40	
2008	20,178,912		20,157,915	06'66				20,157,915	06.66	

Sources: Story County Auditor and City of Ames Finance Department

Schedule 9 City of Ames Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	e c	al Per				1.571	1 713	1.575	1,500	1,426	1.302	1.210	1,257
	Percentage	of Personal	Income	12.01%	8.42	8.32	20.6	8.34	7.95	7.55	06.9	6.41	99.9
	Total	Primary	Government	\$ 88,075,000	80,665,000	79,722,064	86,903,135	79,892,672	76,115,450	72.352.121	66,048,825	61,377,865	63,750,000
		Notes	Payable	!				2,212,672	1,575,450	907 121	283,825	27,865	
ctivities		Capital	Leases			1,182,244	2,043,135	•					
Business-type Activities		Revenue	Bonds	\$ 53,595,000	50,310,000	-		•	-	30,380,000	•	•	22,555,000
	General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 8,230,488	7,249,958	6,249,248	5,244,496	4,186,286	3,069,595	2,466,867	1,879,972	1,310,000	1,340,919
Governmental Activities	General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 26,249,512	23,105,042	25,450,572	35,920,504	36,803,714	37,875,405	38,598,133	36,810,028	36,355,000	39,854,081
		Fiscal	Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See Schedule 14 for personal income and population data.

Schedule 10 City of Ames Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Per	Capita	\$511.34	415.83	445.60	660.71	680.67	712.78	732.46	700.45	694.80	757.54
Percentage of Estimated	Value of	Property (1)	1.48%	1.20	1.16	1.65	1.47	1.49	1.42	1.29	1.17	1.23
		Total	\$ 24,897,599	21,095,557	22,605,556	33,518,485	34,531,177	36,160,086	37,158,520	35,534,438	35,247,806	38,430,671
Less: Amounts	Available in Debt	Service Fund	\$ 1,351,913	2,009,485	2,845,016	2,402,019	2,272,537	1,715,319	1,439,613	1,275,590	1,107,194	1,423,410
General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 26,249,512	23,105,042	25,450,572	35,920,504	36,803,714	37,875,405	38,598,133	36,810,028	36,355,000	39,854,081
	Fiscal	Year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See Schedule 5 for property value data. (2) Population data can be found in Schedule 14.

Schedule 11 City of Ames Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2008

Estimated

Governmental Unit	ð	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage <u>Applicable</u>	50	Share of Direct and Overlapping	
Debt repaid with property taxes						
Ames Community School District Gilbert Community School District Des Moines Area Community College (1) Nevada Community School District United Community School District	↔	3,860,000 8,660,000 82,815,000 4,100,000	97.99% 44.74 6.45 0.16	↔	3,782,414 3,874,484 5,341,568 6,560	
Other debt		8,130,000	63.42		5,156,046	
Ames Community School District Revenue Bonds Gilbert Community School District Revenue Bonds Nevada Community School District Revenue Bonds		15,307,422 3,030,000 4,650,000	97.99 44.74 0.16		14,999,743 1,355,622 7,440	
Subtotal, overlapping debt					34,523,877	
City direct debt					39,854,081	
Total direct and overlapping debt				69	74.377.958	

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Story County Auditor. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit. Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Ames. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden bome by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every tax payer is a resident-and therefore responsible for repaying the debt-of each overlapping government.

(1) Includes \$74,840,000 new jobs training certificates payable primarily from credits and incremental property tax revenue derived from jobs training program. The certificates are further secured by a back-up levy of general taxes.

Schedule 12 City of Ames Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ا رب	114,813,848	25.41% ar 2008	\$3,120,176,952	156,008,848	39,854,081	23,895,919	63,750,000	22,555,000	41,195,000	\$ 114,813,848
		112,532,523	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2008							limit	
	\$ 137,349,059 38,690,000	98,659,059	Aargin Calculat		actual value) o limit:	General obligation bonds			Less revenue bonds	Total net debt applicable to limit	c
	\$ 130,841,177 41,065,000	31 30%		Assessed value	Debt limit (5% of actual value) Debt applicable to limit:	General of	Other	Total	Less rever	Total net d	Legal debt margin
	€ I	33.70%									
Year	\$ 117,729,869 40,990,000	34.82%									
Fiscal Year	\$ 101,842,502 41,165,000	40.42%									
	\$ 97,166,082 31,700,000 65,466,082	32.62%									
	\$ 88,078,832 30,355,000 57,723,832	34.46%									
4000	\$ 84,100,538 \$ 88,078,832 \$ 97,1 34,480,000 30,355,000 31,7 49,620,538 57,723,832 65,4	41.00%									
-	Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit									

Note: State of lowa statutory debt limit is 5% of total actual assessed valuation.

			Medical Center Revenue Bond	Revenue Bor	פ				Electric Revenue Bond	ue Bond		
		Less:	Net					.ssa l	Net			
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available	Debt Se	rvice		Gross	Operating	Available	Debt Serv	ice	
Year	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
1999	\$ 83,116,998	\$ 68,670,230	\$ 14,446,768	\$ 1,390,000	49	3,95	\$ 30.273.968	\$ 19,439,120	\$ 10 834 848	\$ 1215000 \$	778 505	5.44
2000	85,398,067	70,193,728	15,204,339	1,460,000	2,196,551	4.16	30,487,669	20,994.323	9,493,346	1.265.000	720.185	4.78
2001	94,682,949	76,721,197	17,961,752	1,545,000	2,115,521	4.91	33,774,346	23,462,190	10,312,156	1.330,000	659.465	5.18
2002	94,436,413	81,459,920	12,976,493	1,140,000	2,027,455	4.10	33,865,307	23,277,276	10,588,031	1.400,000	594.960	5,31
2003	100,317,729	85,662,680	14,655,049	1,200,000	1,960,195	4.64	33,648,009	26,299,186	7,348,823	1,685,000	566,463	3.26
2004	109,100,843	88,031,896	21,068,947	1,355,000	1,301,741	7.93	35,287,295	27,931,609	7,355,686	1,740,000	187,775	3.82
2005	125,887,097	101,474,465	24,412,632	1,435,000	1,212,363	9.22	37,433,752	30,987,158	6,446,594	1,780,000	144,275	3.35
2006	136,084,871	112,439,877	23,644,994	1,480,000	1,169,313	8.92	43,291,313	34,061,735	9,229,578	1,825,000	99,775	4.80
2007	157,405,562	124,439,101	32,966,461	1,530,000	1,117,513	12.45	47,486,293	36,571,857	10,914,436	1,860,000	54,150	5.70
2008	150,176,042	133,102,085	17,073,957	1,030,000	1,056,313	8.18	48,984,018	40,719,115	8,264,903	,903 100,000	3,000	80.24

			Sewer Revenue Bond	e Bond		
		Less:	Net			
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available	Debt Service	ervice	
Year	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
1999	\$ 4,066,176	\$ 2,664,235	\$ 1,401,941	\$ 520,000	\$ 98.175	2.27
2000	4,215,423	2,691,273	1,524,150	560,000	75.225	2.40
2001	4,320,015	2,975,603	1,344,412	595,000		2.08
2002	4,388,706	3,196,435	1,192,271	605,000	25.181	1.89
2003	4,318,822	3,130,524	1,188,298	290,000		4 01
2004		•				÷
2005						
2006						
2007						
2008						

Notes: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest and depreciation expenses.

Schedule 14 City of Ames Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Per

	Unemployment	Rate	2.8%	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.1	3,4	2.8	2.4	2.5
	School	Enrollment	5,023	4,879	4,965	4,702	4,674	4,624	4,516	4,366	4,320	4,351
	Personal	Income	737,450,582	737,450,582	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011	957,852,011
Capita	Personal	Income	15,062	15,062	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881	18,881
		Population	48,961	48,961	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731	50,731
	Calendar	Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007

Sources: United States Census Bureau decennial census provided population and per capita personal income. School enrollment provided by the Ames School District. Unemployment provided by the Iowa Workforce Development.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago City of Ames Schedule 15

		2008 (1)			1999 (2)	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees (3)	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Iowa State University	13,882	_	28.87%	13,267		28.46%
Mary Greeley Medical Center	1,365	2	2.84	1,336	2	2.87
lowa Department of Transportation	1,200	က	2.50	1,000	က	2.15
McFarland Clinic, P.C.	825	4	1.72	750	4	1.61
City of Ames	814	5	1.69	550	7	1.18
Sauer-Danfoss Company	802	9	1.67	499	œ	1.07
Ames Community School District	989	7	1.41	671	2	1.44
3M Company	400	œ	0.83	400	6	0.86
Hach Company	340	0	0.71			
Ames Laboratories	309	10	0.64	613	9	1.31
Ogden Entertainment Services		•		400	10	0.86
Total	20,617		42.88%	19,486		41.81%

Sources: United States Department of Labor provided total labor force numbers.

(1) Ames Economic Development Commission(2) Ames Chamber of Commerce(3) Includes full-time, part-time and seasonal employees

Authorized Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Ames

Schedule 16

Function/Program	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008
General government Management services	23.25	23.25	23.25	22.75	23.00	22.75	22.50	22.25	22.25	22.25
Finance	40.50	41.50	41.50	41.50	41.25	41.25	38.75	38.75	38.75	39.75
Planning and housing	9.00	9.00	9.00	11.00	11.00	9.75	8.75	8.75	10.50	10.50
Fleet Services	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50	8.50
Transit	65.15	65.15	66.65	68.25	73.45	74.45	74.45	73.70	73.70	73.70
Fire/Inspections	00.09	00.09	60.00	60.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	63.00	65.00
Police/Animal control/Parking	70.40	70.40	73.40	73.40	73.40	73.40	73.40	72.40	74.40	74.40
Library	29.25	29.75	29.75	30.25	30.25	30.25	30.25	30.25	30.50	31.00
Parks and recreation	21.75	21.75	22.75	22.75	22.75	22.75	22.00	22.00	22.00	20.50
Waste water treatment	21.00	21.00	22.00	22.00	22.25	22.25	22.25	22.25	22.25	22.50
Water	19.50	19.50	18.50	18.50	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75	18.75	19.00
Electric	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	79.00	81.00
Public works										
Administration	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.75	3.25	3.25	3.00	3.00
Engineering	11.50	12.50	12.50	12.50	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	13.00
Resource recovery	16.90	16.90	16.90	16.90	16.90	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
Streets	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00	19.00
Utility maintenance	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Other	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	12.75	13.00
Medical center (1)	1,001.20	956.81	958.28	979.80	946.04	930.97	960.34	987.33	1,019.33	1,055.70
Total	1,524.65	1,482.76	1,489.73	1,514.85	1,489.29	1,470.57	1,494.94	1,519.93	1,555.68	1,597.80

Sources: City Finance Department

(1) Mary Greeley Medical Center Finance Department

Note: A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave) except as noted below. Full-timeequivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor force by 2,080. Firefighters, Fire Captains and Fire Lieutenants 2,912 hours per year. Police Officers 2,070 hours per year.

City of Ames Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years Schedule 17

,					Fiscal Year					
Function/Program	1999	<u> </u>	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General government										
Number of licenses/permits processed (1)	524	903	396	874	843	1 206	α,	1 000		
Subdivision requests	9	36	15	25	32	33.	16 16	16) 14	1,013 14
Dhyeical arrests		,								
Destrict desta	1,290	1,150	1,254	1,380	1,154	1,270	1,201	1,051	1.340	1.468
Farking violations	64,863	64,510	58,306	56,846	48,876	61,858	51,126	53.367	56,566	57,931
I ramic violations	3,888	4,454	3,739	3,985	3,351	2,438	3,000	3,809	3.820	3.012
#							•			5
Number of fires	131	152	153	177	107	148	142	148	160	40,
Number of ambulance assists	938	1,039	1,021	1,029	1.075	1.072	1.197	1 436	1 713	1 977
Inspections	903	721	289	811	801	818	1,016	1.007	974	20,1
Library								-	5	2
Total circulation	943,500	931,695	976.074	1.090.138	1 232 476	1 222 190	1 256 003	1 311 100	1 254 000	1040 100
Library visits (2)	390,301	418,744	412,676	427,072	451,041	457.441	471 164	450.000	459,000	1,346,735
Parks and recreation								200,000	000,804	402,307
Total number of participant visits (3)	119,845	118,708	123,524	119,396	117 113	119 287	118 456	114 207	447 700	447
Total number of activities	142	158	162	137	135	135	124	167,411	087.7	143,760
Resource recovery		1	<u> </u>	į	3	3	2	2	30	123
Tons of refuse processed	42,725	41,353	45.559	45.684	44 798	48 272	K1 840	407 407	700	6
Tipping fee/ton	42.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	52.75	52.85	52.75	7,437 50 75	26,00	32,402
Other public works			•		}	9	75.13	06.130	07.70	07.70
Blocks of streets crack sealed	68	81	26	167	176	160	178	7	Š	7
Blocks of streets slurry sealed	77	06	82	<u>-</u>	2	8	73	1 0	47	308
Blocks of seal coat reconstruction	8	14	1 1	2 .	3 4	3 ^	20	> (> (4 0
Hospital		•	•	1	•	•	0	מ	>	27
Total admissions	9,848	9.632	9.952	10.007	0.438	0.070	10 170	0.030	9	000
Average percent of occupancy	61.6%	57.3%	57.7%	56.5%	54.0%	53.0%	55.6%	9,970	10,113	10,002
Electric						2000		20.5	00.97	0/8.70
oduced at plant	387,422,320	384,542,641	402,043,100	399,354,110	417,653,920	421.936.000	435.050.857	489 100 767	497 522 088	429 927 000
Meters in service Transit	19,043	19,803	20,353	20,606	20,901	21,170	22,375	22,906	23,827	23,946
Passenders	2 976 903	0000	44.4	0						
Total miles driven	2,010,003	3,010,409	3,044,456	3,418,078	4,678,548	4,787,637	4,292,366	4,173,208	4,314,151	4,646,554
Water	982,557	1,022,739	1,055,613	1,115,473	1,229,503	1,245,103	1,178,475	1,189,235	1,234,775	1,287,789
Billion gallons/year pumped	2.065	2.115	2.106	2.089	2.111	2.186	2 137	2 311	2 440	0 220
Utility locates performed	5,610	6,401	4.315	5.797	5 356	5 747	180 8	7.77	7.7	2.330
Water main breaks (4)	24	20	33	25	28		27	9 6	3,500	200'0
Wastewater			i		ì	3	3	7	5	1
Billion gallons/year treated	2.320	1.930	1.982	1.944	1.959	2.136	1.997	1.887	2,475	2 548
									: i	: ;

Sources: Various city departments and Mary Greeley Medical Center

Notes: (1) City changes in licenses for plumbing and electrical from a two year to a three year license and the addition of mechanical licenses in 1999 caused variances from year. (2) Library counter not working all year for FY 2006.
(3) Homewood Golf Course participant visits added in FY 2008.
(4) A two-pressure water system was implemented in FY 2004. Increased pressure caused additional breaks in the west zone.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Ames Schedule 18

1				_	Fiscal Year					
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Function	!									
Police										
Stations	•	_	₩.	-	_	_	•	~	-	-
Patrol units	7	2	7	7	7	7	7	7	∞	80
Fire										
Fire stations	2	7	7	2	ო	က	က	ന	က	က
Parks and recreation							ı	ı	ı	ı
Total number of parks	32	32	32	33	33	33	33	33	34	34
Total number of park acres (1)	759	759	759	1,196	1,196	1,196	1,196	1,196	1,199	1,199
Total number of athletic fields	22	19	19	19	19	19	18	18	18	18
Other public works										
Miles of streets (2)	170	175	177	176	178	240	244	241	244	246
Number of traffic signals	56	26	9	09	9	9	09	59	29	59
Number of signs	8,812	8,503	8,650	8,502	8,806	8,881	9,325	9,267	9,291	9,274
Hospital										
Beds in operation	203	205	205	206	204	198	198	198	199	199
Transit										
Buses owned	20	20	\$	56	29	69	69	20	49	69
New buses purchased	4	0	9	ო	7	က	0	4	4	0
Water										
Miles of water mains	208.8	217.0	218.0	218.0	220.0	223.0	230.0	232.5	242.5	248.0
Fire hydrants	1,998	2,160	2,268	2,150	2,200	2,250	2,374	2,406	2,451	2,577
Wells	22	23	21	22	22	22	22	22	25	28
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewer miles (3)	176.1	184.0	188.0	186.0	187.0	189.0	192.0	196.0	194.7	201.0
Storm sewer miles (3)	104.2	106.0	190.0	190.0	192.0	201.0	220.0	240.0	230.9	249.0

Sources: Various city departments and Mary Greeley Medical Center

Notes: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government, library, resource recovery, electric functions.

Ada Hayden Heritage Park was added in FY 2002. It includes a lake of 130 acres.
 Public works implemented a computer GIS system in FY 2004.
 Public works in FY 2007 continued to update the GIS system by removing private utilities.

INFORMATION PROVIDED TO COMPLY WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Number	Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2008
DIRECT:			
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND			
URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	IA089-VO-001,002,003,	\$1,137,203
		005,006	* 1, 2 - 1, - 2
Community Development Block Grants/			
Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-07-MC-19-0010	511,072
DEDARTMENT OF MOTION			
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law	46 500	0007 D I DV 0404	
Enforcement Assistance Discretionary Grants Program	16.580	2007-DJ-BX-0434	13,454
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		2,107
		-	<u> </u>
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	3-19-0004-16-2006	11,458
		_	
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	IA-03-0088-04	280,183
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	IA-03-0088-05	348,503
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	IA-04-0111-00	304,436
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507*	IA-90-X323-00	196,223
Federal Transit-Formula Grants	20.507*	IA-90-X324 - 00	1,365,236
		-	2,494,581
TOTAL DIRECT		_	4,169,875
INDIRECT:			
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
lowa Department of Human Services			
Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws Program	16 707	C LID 90 AE 904	4.540
Emorcing officerage Drinking Laws Program	16.727	CJJP-06-A5-001	1,519
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			
lowa Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-U-0155(652)70-85	1,566
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	STP-U-0155(655)70-85	46,805
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	HDP-0155(653)71-85	1,582,303
-			1,630,674
		-	
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	03-0104-015-05	8,000
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	04-0105-015-06	64,000
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	04-0113-015-07	496
Federal Transit-Capital Investment Grants	20.500*	04-0113-015-08	2,271
Capital Assistance Program for Elderly Persons		_	74,767
and Persons With Disabilities	20.513	16-X001-015-08	92 044
The state of the s	20.010		83,944
State Planning and Research	20.515	08MPO-AAMPO	29,661
		_	
Job Access-Reverse Commute	20.516	37-X012-015-07	16,070
147		_	
147			(continued)

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Number	Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2008
INDIRECT: (continued) DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION lowa Department of Transportation New Freedom Program	20.521	57-X001-015-06	2,852
Iowa Department of Public Safety Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	PAP 07-410, Task 01	9,988
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	PAP 08-410, Task 02	11,634
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving Prevention Incentive Grants	20.601	PAP 07-163, Task 01	6,255 27,877
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES lowa Department of Public Health Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	5888BT01	24,690
Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Projects-State and Local Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention and Surveillance of Blood Levels in Children	93.197	5888L11	3,271
Immunization Grants	93.268	58881471	9,380
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889	5887BHP07	28,253
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY lowa Department of Public Defense Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Deplaced Disasters)	07.000	55MA 4000 DD IA	7.0-0
(Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA 1688-DR-IA	7,650
Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036	FEMA 1763-DR-IA	134,371 142,021
TOTAL INDIRECT			2,074,979
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		;	\$6,244,854
*Clustered programs under OMB Circular A-133			(concluded)

^{*}Clustered programs under OMB Circular A-133
See notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

CITY OF AMES, IOWA

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

1. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting (revenues are recorded in the year earned by the City of Ames, Iowa (City) and expenditures are recorded in the year incurred).

2. GENERAL

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the expenditures of all federal award programs of the City. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's financial statements. All expenditures of federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as expenditures of federal awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the schedule.

INFORMATION PROVIDED TO COMPLY WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

CITY OF AMES, IOWA



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ames, Iowa

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Ames, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

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A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered material weaknesses. However, we believe that the significant deficiency described above is not a material weaknesse.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2008, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The City's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we expressed our conclusions on the City's responses, we did not audit the City's responses, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Ames, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Ames, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Ames, Iowa, during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Dubuque, Iowa December 16, 2008

Esde Sailly LLP



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Ames, Iowa

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Ames, Iowa, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of the independent auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Ames, Iowa, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Ames, Iowa, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

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A control deficiency in the City's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees, and citizens of the City of Ames, Iowa, and other parties to whom the City of Ames, Iowa, may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dubuque, Iowa

December 16, 2008

sde Sailly LLP

CITY OF AMES, IOWA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) Unqualified opinions were issued on the financial statements.
- (b) A significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements but was not considered a material weakness.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) No material weaknesses in internal control over the major programs were noted.
- (e) An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major programs.
- (f) The audit disclosed no audit findings which were required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- (g) The major programs were as follows:
 - CFDA Number 14.218 Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants
 - Cluster: CFDA Number 20.500 Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants CFDA Number 20.507 Federal Transit Formula Grants
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- (i) The City of Ames, Iowa, qualified as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

II-A-08 Loans Receivable – Over the years the City has issued loans to individuals and businesses for various purposes. At the time the loans were issued and subsequent repayments of the loans were received, the transactions were recorded on the cash basis and treated as expenditures and revenues. For financial statement purposes, these transactions should have been recorded as loans receivable when the loan was issued, and the repayments received should have been applied against the receivable. As a result, revenues and expenditures have been overstated and receivables have been understated on previous years' financial statements.

Recommendation – We acknowledge that the City discovered this issue during the year and has made the correction to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2008. We recommend that the departments which issue these loans develop procedures to notify the finance department of all loan activity, and that the finance department reviews the general ledger accounts in which loan activity is recorded so that all parties are aware of any future loans issued. These steps will help insure the proper reporting of the loans in the financial statements.

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements: (continued)

<u>Response</u> – Departments issuing loans now notify the Finance Department when loans are made. The accounting supervisor reviews the general ledger accounts for loan activity on a quarterly basis to ensure that all loans are recorded properly.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

No material weaknesses in internal control over the major programs were noted.

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

IV-A-08 <u>Certified Budget</u> – Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2008, exceeded the amount budgeted in the public works function. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states, in part, "Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation."

<u>Recommendation</u> – The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response – The City's expenditures in the public works function exceeded the final budgeted amount by \$51,434. These expenditures were for unanticipated repairs due to flooding that occurred late in May after the final budget amendment was submitted to the State. The City was unaware that these late June expenditures would overspend the budgeted function at the time they were made. When this overexpenditure was discovered, it was too late to amend the budget again.

Conclusion – Response accepted.

- IV-B-08 <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> We noted no expenditures that we believe may fail to meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- IV-C-08 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- IV-D-08 <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

CITY OF AMES, IOWA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued)

Name, Title, and Business Connection	Transaction Description		Amount
Mike Wheelock, Utility Accounts Supervisor, wife is part owner of Heartland Pet Hospital	Veterinary services	\$	325
Jan Heuss, library employee, husband is owner of Heuss Printing, Inc.	Printing services		1,327
Jerry Cable, Board Member, owner of Cable Plumbing, Inc.	Plumbing and mechanical supplies		113

In accordance with Chapter 362.5(10) of the Code of Iowa, the transactions above do not appear to represent conflicts of interest since total transactions were less than \$1,500 during the fiscal year.

- IV-E-08 <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- IV-F-08 <u>Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not. However, we noted that when the list of claims is published it does not include the reason for each claim as required by Chapter 372.13(6) of the Code of Iowa.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The City should determine a procedure which would allow for the publication of claims, including the reason for each claim in accordance with Chapter 372.13(6) of the Code of Iowa.

<u>Response</u> – The City's accounting and information technology divisions worked together during the year to create a report in the current accounting system to provide the information required by the State. To date we have been unable to create such a report that would not require unreasonable staff time to compile and excessive cost to publish. We will continue to work on a solution that will be efficient and cost effective to meet this reporting requirement.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- IV-G-08 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- IV-H-08 Revenue Bonds No instances of non-compliance with the provisions of the City's revenue bond resolutions were noted.



The City of Ames purchased a ZENN (Zero Emission, No Noise) car. The electric vehicle is used by City staff for in-town trips. The electric car has reduced fuel costs by 75% when compared to a gas compact car.

The City also has purchased several fuel-efficient vehicles as well as hybrid vehicles. Most City vehicles use gasohol, a 10% ethanol blend, some an 85% ethanol blend, and some diesel-powered vehicles use a blended soy-diesel fuel when available.